### ANNUAL BUDGET MTERF FOR 2020/2021-2022/2023



#### **ANNUAL BUDGET OF**

# MATATIELE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

## 2020/21 TO 2022/23 MEDIUM TERM REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FORECASTS

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#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AMR Automated Meter Reading

ASGISA Accelerated and Shared Growth Initiative

BPC Budget Planning Committee
CBD Central Business District
CFO Chief Financial Officer
CM Municipality Manager
CPI Consumer Price Index

CRRF Capital Replacement Reserve Fund DBSA Development Bank of South Africa

DORA Division of Revenue Act DWA Department of Water Affairs

EE Employment Equity

**EEDSM Energy Efficiency Demand Side Management** 

EM Executive Mayor FBS Free basic services

GAMAP Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice

GDP Gross domestic product

GDS Gauteng Growth and Development Strategy

GFS Government Financial Statistics

GRAP General Recognised Accounting Practice

HR Human Resources

HSRC Human Science Research Council IDP Integrated Development Strategy

IT Information Technology

kl kilolitre km kilometre

KPA Key Performance Area
KPI Key Performance Indicator

kWh kilowatt ℓ litre

LED Local Economic Development

MEC Member of the Executive Committee MFMA Municipal Financial Management Act

Programme

MIG Municipal Infrastructure Grant MMC Member of Mayoral Committee MPRA Municipal Properties Rates Act

MSA Municipal Systems Act

MTEF Medium-term Expenditure Framework

MTREF Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework

NERSA National Electricity Regulator South Africa

NGO Non-Governmental organisations NKPIs National Key Performance Indicators OHS Occupational Health and Safety

OP Operational Plan

PBO Public Benefit Organisations
PHC Provincial Health Care

PMS Performance Management System
PPE Property Plant and Equipment

PPP Public Private Partnership

PTIS Public Transport Infrastructure System

RG Restructuring Grant

RSC Regional Services Council

SALGA South African Local Government Association

SAPS South African Police Service

SDBIP Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan

SMME Small Micro and Medium Enterprises
Mscoa Municipal standard chart of accounts

#### Part 1 - Annual Budget

#### 1.1 Mayor's report

The council of Matatiele Local Municipality adopted an Integrated Development Planning document to guide development within the area during its term of office. The 2020/21 IDP Review is the third review of 2017/2022 IDP for the municipality. This IDP review has been undertaken as per Section 26. of the Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000. Over the years, this planning tool has offered a model for development and integration of services. The overall aim is to effectively deliver services and improve the lives of Matatiele people. The municipality undertakes annual review of IDP to ensure that priority areas as set out by Matatiele community are taken into consideration, adhering to sustainable development principles and assist to accelerate service delivery. In line with the legislative requirements, outlined in section 29 of the Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000, the council has adopted the 2020/2021 IDP review.

We also realize that as a municipality, we are part of a global community; We are therefore affected by the global issues and economics situations. The world has been hit with the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. Since March this year - 2020, operations at Matatiele local municipality were affected due to the National Lockdown declared, and this led to other business activities having to be discontinued and Strict measures have been put in place, in an effort to curb the further spread of the deadly virus. During these uncertain times, we have seen Matatiele stakeholders – private and public, join hands in solidarity. Many of our communities are hit hard by the limitations brought about by this virus; however, we strongly believe that by working together and adhering to the safety precautions and measures in place, we will surely overcome this pandemic. To all our frontline workers, we thank you for your commitment and efforts during this difficult time.

We continue to strive towards attaining the set goals and objectives for the period 2017/2022; and as we prepare to start year- four within this period, we realize that we are have made strides to achieve the objectives we have set; yet we also acknowledge that there are still great challenges to address. The state of our roads continues to be an outcry from our communities; with certain area(s) being virtually inaccessible due to the damage experienced during the rain reason. This is but one of a number of challenges we are experiencing. The list also includes but not limited to; water, sanitation and electricity backlogs; high unemployment rate among our youth and overall improvement of access to services. We also understand that while these challenges are vast, we have limited financial resources to provide for adequate services. As a predominately rural municipality, this financial limitation is a huge challenge. However, we remain committed to deliver adequate services; making the most of the limited resources we have,

The council remains committed to realizing the following key strategic priorities:

- 1. Reduction of service delivery backlogs and refurbishing of infrastructure
- 2. Sound financial management
- 3. Sustainable development and growth of the local economy
- 4. Proper Spatial Development Planning through localized SDF throughout the Municipality
- 5. Promote proper institutional arrangements
- 6. Enhance public participation and integrated planning

We continue with the progress made in 2019/20; prioritizing our roads infrastructure and electrification. We also recognize that it will take an effort from all our stakeholders, working together in providing services to our communities; with the aim of improving the lives of our people. Therefore, active participation and involvement of sector departments, the private sector and our communities will continue to play a pivotal role in the planning and implementation of this IDP.

We continue to appreciate the people Matatiele, and we realize how critical it is to provide them with quality and sustainable services, that bring about an improvement in their quality of life. This is the essence of what we strive for. We encourage the participation of our youth in our programmers, recognizing that young people constitute the largest part of our population. Improving access to skill development, entrepreneurships and education will allow us to tap into this opportunity of a youthful population.

This COVID-19 pandemic will no doubt have a lasting negative impact in our ability as the municipality to meet some of our aspirations.

The Municipality wanted to double our efforts and fast-track infrastructure maintenance, Human Settlements, Electrification, Waste Management, Roads and Public Transportation and to ensure the provision of Free Basic Services to our indigent.

The budget is finalized during an unprecedented challenge ever witnessed in our time. The coronavirus pandemic, has not only introduced a swift change in the way we do life, we have also witnessed what I term pre-mature deaths, whilst many leave in fear as no one is spared in the wake of this deadly virus.

We have maintained existing surfaced roads for the purpose of retaining quality. These include; Mountain View Internal Streets in Ward 20, Maluti Internal Streets-Phase 3, Matatiele Internal Streets CBD-Phase 2, Cedarville Internal Streets —Phase 3, Nature reserve road and Land fill site Road.

Yes, we still have challenges in terms of general road maintenance, that we're aggressively hoping to address in the next financial year.

When it comes to electrification, it is no secret that our municipality has outdone itself. As I stand here today I am proud to say that we have brought light to more than 90% households in Matatiele. And with our ambitious plan for this coming financial year, we are bound to finish our term as this council having recorded outstanding success in this regard

In view of the above; this budget document and supporting documents of municipality has for the 2020/21 period been directly informed by the IDP as well as the inputs of programmes and projects from provincial and national departments.

#### 1.2 Executive Summary

#### **ANNUAL BUDGET 2020/21 - 2022/23**

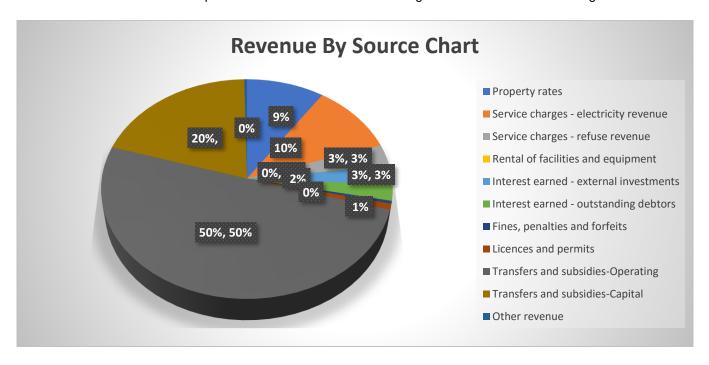
#### **Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue)**

Description	Curren	t Year	2020/21 MEDIUM TERM REVENUE					
R thousands	Approved Budget	Adjusted Budget	Tabled Budget 2020/21	Final Budget 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23		
Revenue By Source								
Property rates	44 100 000	44 100 000	48 190 008	48 190 008	50 599 500	53 129 472		
Service charges - electricity revenue	53 290 802	53 286 802	53 290 800	53 290 800	59 871 192	63 055 248		
Service charges - water revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Service charges - sanitation revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Service charges - refuse revenue	14 786 444	14 790 444	15 525 768	15 525 768	16 302 060	17 117 160		
Rental of facilities and equipment	1 700 000	815 000	500 004	500 004	525 000	551 256		
Interest earned - external investments	13 000 000	13 000 000	14 649 996	14 649 996	15 382 500	16 151 628		
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	10 224 923	11 236 924	11 798 772	11 798 772	12 388 704	13 008 144		
Dividends received			-	-	-	-		
Fines, penalties and forfeits	2 093 696	2 243 696	2 093 700	2 093 700	2 198 376	2 308 308		
Licences and permits	4 524 684	4 534 684	4 524 696	4 524 696	4 750 932	4 988 484		
Agency services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers and subsidies-Operating	242 898 750	240 436 000	256 212 000	256 212 000	267 930 000	281 432 000		
Transfers and subsidies-Capital	117 059 250	119 522 002	101 526 996	101 526 996	127 554 000	135 921 996		
Other revenue	1 673 000	2 159 000	1 608 024	1 608 024	1 688 412	1 772 844		
Gains on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Revenue (Including capital transfers and contributions)	505 351 549	506 124 552	509 920 764	509 920 764	559 190 676	589 436 540		

#### Remarks;

The final revenue budget is anticipated to be R509, 920, 764 in the 2020/21 financial year. The adjusted budget for 2019/20 was R506, 124, 552. This is an increase of R3,796,175 from the current adjustment budget. Revenue budget for the indicative years 2021/22 and 2022/23 is anticipated to be R559 190 676,274,813 and R589,436,540 respectively.

- The property rates budget of R48,190,008 has been calculated from the current valuation roll as implemented from 01st July 2020, revenue from this source contributes 9% of the total revenue budget and remains one of the major contributors of the Municipal own revenue source.
- The total revenue from service charges is budgeted at an amount of R53,290,800 and represents 13% of the total revenue budget.
- Revenue from interest on investments amounts to R14,649,996 and represents 3% of the total revenue budget.
- The budget for interest on outstanding debtors is anticipated at R11,798,772 and represents 2% of the total revenue budget.
- It should be noted that transfers and subsidies from capital has decreased due to reduced grants allocation for the Municipal Infrastructure Grant and the integrated national electrification grant.



#### **Budgeted Financial Performance (operating expenditure)**

Description	Curren	ıt Year	2020/21 MEDIUM TERM REVENUE					
R thousands	Approved Budget	Adjusted Budget	Tabled Budget 2020/21	Final Budget 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23		
Expenditure By Type								
Employ ee related costs	120 607 804	122 505 193	125 230 692	125 230 692	131 492 340	138 066 936		
Remuneration of councillors	22 763 488	22 795 323	20 717 052	21 537 052	21 752 916	22 840 548		
Debt impairment	5 500 000	4 000 000	5 000 004	5 000 000	5 250 000	5 512 500		
Depreciation and asset impairment	30 447 764	30 447 764	33 110 004	33 110 004	34 765 500	36 503 796		
Finance charges	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Bulk purchases	47 900 000	47 900 000	48 000 000	48 000 000	50 400 000	52 920 000		
Other materials	4 631 500	6 014 500	5 191 512	5 566 512	5 844 822	6 137 078		
Contracted services	88 322 925	94 209 893	101 848 992	101 278 988	107 466 444	112 839 726		
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other expenditure	68 118 647	61 192 455	69 294 624	68 669 628	73 021 908	76 672 977		
Loss on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Expenditure	388 292 128	389 065 128	408 392 880	408 392 876	429 993 930	451 493 561		

#### Remarks;

The final operating expenditure budget is anticipated to be R408, 392, 876 in the 2020/21 financial year. The adjusted budget for 2019/20 was R389, 065, 128. This is an increase of R19,3 million from the current adjustment budget. For the two outer years 2021/22 and 2022/23 the operating expenditure budget is R429,993,930 and R451,493,561 respectively.

- Employee related costs is budgeted at R125,230,692 and represents 31% of the total operating expenditure budget. An increase of 6.25% has been effected on employee related costs as per salary and wage collective agreement.
- Remuneration of Councillors represents 5% of the total operating expenditure budget and amounts to R21,537,052.
- The budget allocated for depreciation amounts to R33,110,004 and represents 8% of the total operating expenditure budget.
- The contracted services budget amounts to R101,278,988 million which represents 25% of the total operating budget, included in this budget is repairs and maintenance budget and other service level related expenditure.
- The budget for other expenditure amounts to R68,669,628 and represents 17% of the total operating expenditure budget.
- In response to Covid-19 measures, the municipality has included a budget of R1,125,000 of the final budget for hygiene services, procurement of PPE and hire costs relating to the disaster management.

 A budget of R500 000 has been allocated for communications and R760 000 for public participation.

#### **Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, and funding**

Description	Current	Year	2020/21 Financial period					
R thousands	Approved Budget	Adjusted Budget	Tabled Budget 2020/21	Final Budget 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23		
Capital Expenditure - Functional								
Municipal governance and administration	10 121 551	10 313 336	7 658 508	9 158 500	10 074 350	11 081 785		
Executive and council	25 000	-	-	-	-	-		
Finance and administration	10 046 551	10 263 336	7 658 508	9 158 500	10 074 350	11 081 785		
Internal audit	50 000	50 000	-	-	-	-		
Community and public safety	4 480 000	320 000	3 260 016	3 260 000	3 300 000	3 630 000		
Community and social services	1 180 000	190 000	1 560 012	1 560 000	1 430 000	1 573 000		
Public safety	3 300 000	130 000	1 700 004	1 700 000	1 870 000	2 057 000		
Economic and environmental services	79 800 699	90 248 914	82 224 204	80 724 200	76 412 504	81 762 334		
Planning and development	382 000	67 000	480 000	480 000	528 000	580 800		
Road transport	79 418 699	90 181 914	81 744 204	80 244 200	75 884 504	81 181 534		
Trading services	83 982 000	77 502 000	61 170 972	81 170 996	94 937 312	102 335 800		
Energy sources	80 702 000	77 302 000	58 240 992	78 240 996	91 714 312	98 790 500		
Waste management	3 280 000	200 000	2 929 980	2 930 000	3 223 000	3 545 300		
Other	-	-	-					
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	178 384 250	178 384 250	154 313 700	174 313 696	184 724 166	198 809 919		
Funded by								
National Gov ernment	116 969 250	116 969 252	99 080 196	99 080 196	127 553 316	135 921 984		
Provincial Government	90 000	90 000	260 004	260 000	-	-		
District Municipality	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other transfers and grants	-	_	-	-	-	-		
Transfers recognised - capital	117 059 250	117 059 252	99 340 200	99 340 196	127 553 316	135 921 984		
Public contributions and donations								
Borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Internality generated funds	61 325 000	61 324 998	54 973 500	74 973 500	57 170 850	62 887 935		
Total Capital Funding	178 384 250	178 384 250	154 313 700	174 313 696	184 724 166	198 809 919		

#### Remarks;

The capital expenditure is anticipated to be R174,313, 696 in the 2020/21 financial year. The adjusted budget for 2019/20 was R178, 384, 250 million. This is a decrease of R4, million from the adjustment budget due to the following:

- o Decrease in INEP from R70m (2019/2020 MTERF) to R52, 5m (2020/2021 MTERF),
- Decrease of MIG from R46.7m (2019/2020 MTERF) to R46,4m (2020/2021 MTERF),
- Increase of Municipal Reserves Funding from R61,3m (2019/2020 MTERF) to R74,9m (2020/2021 MTERF).

#### **Transfers and grant receipts**

	Current Ye	ar 2019/20	2020/21 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework				
Description	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2021/22		
R thousands							
RECEIPTS:							
Operating Transfers and Grants							
National Government:	242 338 750	239 876 000	255 022 000	267 930 000	281 432 000		
Local Government Equitable Share	234 919 000	234 919 000	249 823 000	266 230 000	279 732 000		
EPWP Incentive	3 257 000	3 257 000	3 499 000	-	-		
Finance Management	1 700 000	1 700 000	1 700 000	1 700 000	1 700 000		
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	2 462 750	-	-	-	-		
Provincial Government:	560 000	560 000	1 190 000	-			
Sport and Recreation	560 000	560 000	1 190 000	-	-		
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	242 898 750	240 436 000	256 212 000	267 930 000	281 432 000		
Capital Transfers and Grants							
National Government:	116 969 250	119 432 000	101 527 000	127 554 000	135 922 000		
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	46 792 250	49 255 000	48 936 000	53 054 000	56 068 000		
Integrated National Electrification Programme	70 177 000	70 177 000	52 591 000	74 500 000	79 854 000		
Provincial Government:	90 000	90 000		-			
Other capital transfers/grants [insert description]	90 000	90 000	-	-			
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	117 059 250	119 522 000	101 527 000	127 554 000	135 922 000		
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS	359 958 000	359 958 000	357 739 000	395 484 000	417 354 000		

- The municipality will receive both conditional and unconditional grants of R357, 7 million, (R101, 5m Conditional and R256, 2m Unconditional) (a decrease from R359, 9 million from 2019/20) from the allocations as gazetted on Division of Revenue Act (DoRA).
- The equitable share allocation is appropriated to fund municipal delivery of services through day to day operations and strategic social development programs.
- Conditional capital grants (MIG & INEP) are appropriated to fund capital expenditure of roads construction, local economic development capital projects and electrification projects.
- Conditional operational grants (EPWP & FMG) are appropriated to fund expenditures relate to EPWP programs and financial reforms respectively as per grants stipulated conditions.

The Detailed Capital budget per municipal departments is tabulated as below;

#### **Budget & Treasury**

	NEW OR			CAPITAL	MUNICIPAL				
	UPGRADE OF	REGION	BUDGET	REPLACEMENT	INFRASTRUCTURE		LIBRARY	BUDGET	BUDGET
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	EXISTING	/WARD	2020/2021	RESERVES	GRANT	INEP	SUPPORT	+2021/2022	+/2022/2023
Revenue & Expenditure Management									
Smart metering	Upgrade	19 & 20	1 000 000	1 000 000	-	-	-		
			1 000 000	1 000 000	-		-	-	-
Supply Chain Management									
Municipal Fleet	New	Admin	3 000 000	3 000 000	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery & Equipment	New	Admin	1 500 000	1 500 000					
			4 500 000	4 500 000	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL BUDGET & TREASURY			5 500 000	5 500 000	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remarks;

- The total final budget for Budget and Treasury is R5,5 million, to be funded from the Capital Replacement Reserves.
- Included on the capital projects is the smart metering project, procurement of municipal fleet and Machinery and Equipment to procure equipment in response to Covid-19 measures.

#### **Other Administration**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION	NEW OR UPGRADE OF EXISTING	REGION /WARD		_	MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT		LIBRARY SUPPORT
SPU & Communications			528 500	528 500	-	ı	-
Outdoor billboards (welocme boards)	New	14,19 &20	500 000	500 000	-	-	-
Computer Equipment	New	Admin	20 000	20 000			
Corel Draw graphic software	New	Admin	8 500	8 500			
Total Admin			528 500	528 500	-	1	-

#### Remarks;

 The final budget for Special Programmes Unit is R528 500 to be funded from the Capital Replacement Reserves.

#### **Corporate Services**

	NEW OR			CAPITAL	MUNICIPAL				
	UPGRADE OF		BUDGET	REPLACEMENT	INFRASTRUCTURE		LIBRARY	BUDGET	BUDGET
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	EXISTING	REGION /WARD	2020/2021	RESERVES	GRANT	INEP	SUPPORT	+2021/2022	+/2022/2023
Human Resources			200 000	200 000	-		-	-	-
Furniture & Equipmet	New	Admin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IPMS Electronic System	New\	Admin	200 000	200 000	-	-	-	-	-
				-	-	-	-	-	-
ICT			2 850 000	2 850 000	-	-	_	6 600 000	4 600 000
	new and								
Computer Equipment	upgrades	Admin	300 000	300 000	-	-	-	500 000	500 000
Public Wi-Fi Rollout	new	19	500 000	500 000	-	-	-	1 200 000	1 200 000
Clock- in-System	new	Admin	450 000	450 000	-	-	-	-	-
Uninterupted Power Supply (UPSs)	new/upgrade	Admin	500 000	500 000	-	-	-	800 000	800 000
Provision of Survailance Cameras	new/upgrade	Admin	400 000	400 000	-	-	-	1 000 000	1 000 000
Network Cable Install /upgrade	Upgrade	Admin	300 000	300 000	-	-	-	600 000	-
Computer Equipment	new	All Wards	250 000	250 000	-	-	-	1 000 000	1 100 000
Network Cable (ICT Centres)	New	Varios Wards	150 000	150 000	-	-	-	1 500 000	-
				-	-	-	-		
TOTAL CORPORATE SERVICES			3 050 000	3 050 000	-	-	-	6 600 000	4 600 000

#### Remarks;

• The total proposed budget for Corporate Services is R3, million to be funded from the Municipal Reserves.

#### **Economic Development and planning**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION	NEW OR UPGRADE OF EXISTING	REGION /WARD	BUDGET 2020/2021	CAPITAL REPLACEMENT RESERVES	MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT	INEP	LIBRARY SUPPORT
Local Economic Development			450 000	450 000	-	-	-
Hawker Stalls	New	19	450 000	450 000	-	-	-
			-	-			
Planning			15 000	15 000	-	-	-
Computer Equipment	New	Admin	15 000	15 000			
EDP Governance			15 000	15 000	-	-	-
Furnituture & Equipment	New	Admin	15 000	15 000			
				-			
TOTAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING			480 000	480 000	-		-

#### Remarks;

 The final budget is R480 000 for Economic Development and Planning, included on the budget is the procurement of hawker stalls with a budget of R450 000, to be funded from the Municipal Reserves.

#### **Community Services**

	NEW OR			CAPITAL	MUNICIPAL		
	UPGRADE OF	REGION	BUDGET	REPLACEMENT	INFRASTRUCTURE		LIBRARY
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	EXISTING	/WARD	2020/2021	RESERVES	GRANT	INEP	SUPPORT
Public Amenities			1 560 000	1 300 000	-	•	260 000
Halls Cleaning Machinery Gear & Machinery	UPGRADE	All ward	200 000	200 000	-		
Furniture & Equipment (GRANT)	NEW	Admin	200 000	-	-		200 000
Netball Court	UPGRADE	20	50 000	50 000	-		
Open ground fencing	UPGRADE	20	200 000	200 000	-		
Construction of new blocks of public toilets	NEW	19	700 000	700 000	-		
Procure Jojo tanks	NEW	All wards	150 000	150 000	-		
Library laptops (Library Grant)	NEW	Admin	60 000	-			60 000
				-			
			80 000	00.000			
Public Participation				80 000	-	-	-
Computer Equipment		Admin	50 000	50 000			
Furniture & Equipment		Admin	30 000	30 000			
Public Safety			1 700 000	1 700 000	_	-	-
				-	-	-	-
Roadmarking Machine	New	All wards	200 000	200 000	-		
Traffic Signals (Robots)	Upgrade	19	1 200 000	1 200 000	-		
Traffic Management system	New	Admin	300 000	300 000	-		
				-	-		-
Solid Waste & Enviroment			2 930 000	2 930 000	-	-	-
Grass cutting Machines	New		30 000	30 000	-	-	-
weigh bridge	New		1 000 000	1 000 000	-	-	-
Landfill site remediation	Upgrade		400 000	400 000	-	-	-
cemetery development	New		1 000 000	1 000 000	-	-	-
Upgrade of landfill site & nature reserve	Upgrade		200 000	200 000	-	-	-
Furniture	New		160 000	160 000	-	-	-
Security guard houses at cemetery & nature reserve	New		100 000	100 000	-	-	-
Computer Equipment	New		40 000	40 000	-	-	-
TOTAL COMMUNITY SERVICES			6 270 000	6 010 000	-	-	260 000

#### Remarks;

• The total proposed budget for Community Services is R6,2 million, an amount of R260 000 will be funded from the Library support grant and R6, million will be funded from the Capital Reserves.

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE**

#### **Human settlements and building control**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION	NEW OR UPGRADE OF EXISTING	REGION /WARD		_	MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT	INEP	LIBRARY SUPPORT
					-	-	-
Completion of Council Chamber & Offices	New	Admin	13 000 000	13 000 000	-	-	-
Renovation of Municipal Sores	Upgrade	Admin	800 000	800 000	-	-	-
Pound Structure	New	19	2 000 000	2 000 000	-	-	-
Total Human Settlements			15 800 000	15 800 000	-	-	-

#### Remarks;

- The proposed capital budget for Human Settlements is R15,8 million to be funded from the Capital Reserves.
- Included on the above is completion of council chambers, renovation of municipal stores and the construction of the Pound structure.

#### **Electricity Unit**

	NEW OR UPGRADE OF	REGION	BUDGET	CAPITAL REPLACEMENT	MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE		LIBRARY	BUDGET	BUDGET
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	EXISTING	/WARD	2020/2021	RESERVES	GRANT	INEP	SUPPORT	+2021/2022	+/2022/2023
Vikinduku –Lubaleko (500)	New	5	9 000 000	-	-	9 000 000	-		
Hillside –Manzi (320)	New	7	5 796 000	-	-	5 796 000	-	-	-
Sifolweni (155)	New	7	2 821 000	-	-	2 821 000	-	-	-
Ngcwengana (147)	New	7	2 646 000	-	-	2 646 000	-	-	-
Matiase B (Mhlangeni, Vimba, Mavundleni, Mnqayi):(500)	New	9	9 000 000			9 000 000			
Mbombo (390)	New	9	7 128 000	-	-	7 128 000	-	-	-
Mnyamaneni (Kesa, Sdakeni) –(400)	New	18	7 200 000	-	-	7 200 000	-	-	-
Small Location-Mpofini (500)	New	22	9 000 000	-	-	9 000 000	-	-	-
Epiphany Elecrification	New	22	10 000 000	10 000 000					
Shenxa	Existing	26	6 000 000	6 000 000	-	-	-	-	-
Mohapi #2	Existing	13	4 000 000	4 000 000	-	-	-	-	-
Transformers	Upgrade	19& 20	800 000	800 000	-	-	-	-	-
50 x Electrical Poles	Upgrade	19	150 000	150 000	-	-	-	-	-
Substation Switch Gears	Upgrade	19	1 500 000	1 500 000	-	-	-	-	-
Installation of High Mast Lights	New	19	1 500 000	1 500 000	-	-	-	-	-
Street lights	New	19	1 000 000	1 000 000					
Christmas Lights	New	19	250 000	250 000	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture	New	19	150 000	150 000		-			
1500m MV Paper Cable	New	19	300 000	300 000	-	-	-	-	-
Replacement of 100 Street Lights & 6 High Mast Lights	New	01 &26	-	-		-			
			78 241 000	25 650 000	-	52 591 000	-	-	-

- The total capital budget for the Electricity Unit is R78,2 million, INEP will fund R52,5 million of the budget and R25,6 million will be funded from the capital reserves.
- This budget includes electrification in various wards and the upgrade of electricity infrastructure.

#### **Project Management**

	NEW OR UPGRADE OF	REGION	BUDGET	CAPITAL REPLACEMENT	MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE		LIBRARY	BUDGET	BUDGET
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	EXISTING	/WARD		RESERVES	GRANT	INEP	SUPPORT	+2021/2022	+/2022/2023
Maluti Internal Streets -Phase 4	Upgrade	1	15 000 000	-	15 000 000	-	-	1 200 000	-
Matatiele CBD Internal Streets -Phase 2	Upgrade	19	4 000 000	-	4 000 000	-	-	-	-
Cedarville Internal Roads –Phase 3	Upgrade	26	7 229 200		7 229 200			12 000 000	-
Matatiele CBD Internal Streets -Phase 3	Upgrade	19	1 000 000	-	1 000 000	-	-	-	-
Harry Gwala Internal Streets	Upgrade	20	2 000 000	-	2 000 000	-	-	18 601 837	10 000 000
Cedarville Sport Center	New	26	975 000	975 000	-	-	-	-	-
Extension of Matatiele Sport Center	New	20	4 000 000	-	4 000 000		-	-	-
Mahangu AR and Bridge	New	9	2 500 000	-	2 500 000	-	-	17 558 509	1 050 000
Freystata Bridge	New	15	800 000	-	800 000		-	-	-
Ngcwengane Bridge	New	7	460 000	-	460 000	-	-	-	-
Mohapi Access Road and Bridges	New	13	2 500 000	-	2 500 000	-	-	6 698 883	-
Purutle to Moyeni AR and Bridges	New	24	2 500 000	-	2 500 000	-	-	18 589 161	-
Magongqolweni AR	New	10	2 500 000	-	2 500 000	-	-	5 600 000	-
Msukeni Access Road	New	21	2 000 000	-	2 000 000				
Lagrange Pedestrian Bridge	New	7	480 000	480 000	-		-	-	
Nkasela Access Road	New	4	8 000 000	8 000 000	-			3 750 000	
Moiketsi Access Road	New	14	2 500 000	2 500 000	-			275 000	
Mkhemane Access Road	New	22	6 000 000	6 000 000	-	-	-	250 000	
			64 444 200	17 955 000	46 489 200	-		84 523 390	11 050 000

- The capital budget for Project Management Unit is proposed to be R64, 4million, a
  portion of R46, 4 million to be funded from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant and R17,
  9million will be funded from the capital reserves.
- The total capital budget for Project Management Unit relates to construction, upgrade of existing road infrastructure and construction of sports fields and per the table above.

#### **TOTAL BUDGET 2020/21-2022/23**

	Curre	nt Year	2020/21 MEDIUM TERM REVENUE						
Description	Approved Budget	Adjusted Budget	Tabled Budget 2020/21	Final Budget 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23			
Total Operating Budget	388 292 128	389 065 128	408 392 880	408 392 876	429 993 930	451 493 561			
Total Capital Budget	178 384 250	178 384 250	154 313 700	174 313 696	184 724 166	198 809 919			
Total Budget	566 676 378	567 449 378	562 706 580	582 706 572	614 718 096	650 303 479			

- The total budget amounts to R582,706,572 ,it should be noted that this is an increase of R15, million from the current adjustments budget as a result of prioritisation of electrification projects.
- The grant funding has increase from the 2019/2020 adjustments budget mainly as a result of decreased allocation on the capital grants
   i.e. MIG and INEP.

#### PROPOSED TARIFF INCREASES AND BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS

#### **Property Rates**

Property rates tariff is proposed to increase by 5% for the 2020/21 financial year as follows:

Categories	Rate Randages /Rand	Ratio in relation
	Value – c/R	to residential
		property
Residential property	0.010058	1:1
Farm property as defined in Section 8(2)	0.0025145	1: 0.25
(d)(i) and 8 (2) (f) (i) of the Act (being		
Farm property used for agricultural		
purposes and smallholdings used for		
agricultural purposes)		
Agricultural property used	0.0025145	1:0.25
	0.0025145	1:0.25
predominantly for commercial and / or		
industrial purposes		
Smallholdings used predominantly for	0.0025145	1: 0.25
commercial and / or industrial purposes		
Commercial / Business properties	0.0120696	1: 1.2
In description of the second of	0.0400000	4.4.0
Industrial properties	0.0120696	1:1.2
	0.00054.45	1.005
Public Service Infrastructure properties	0.0025145	1:0.25
		1

Municipal properties	0.0120696	1:1.2

#### **ASSESMENT RATES**

Residential	0.010058	5%
First R65 000 exempt		
40% Rebate		
Vacant Land	0.020116	5%
Commercial	0.0120696	5%
15% exempt		
Government	0.020116	5%
Farms	0.0025145	5%
70% rebate		
Industrial	0.0120696	5%
15% rebate		
Municipal	0.0120696	5%
100% rebate		

#### **Service Charges**

- The electricity tariff is proposed to increase by 6.22% as per NERSA guideline.
- Refuse tariffs are proposed to increase by 5% and all other tariffs are proposed to increase by 5%.

#### **Rental of Facilities**

For the 2020/21 draft budget the following charges are proposed as new for the Tennis court rental;

WITHOUT VAT	CurrentTariff VA Excluded 2018/2019	Increase for 2019/2020	New Tariff VAT Excluded 2019/2020	Increase for 2020/2021	New Tariff VAT Excluded 2020/2021	
Tennis Court Rental						
PER PRACTICE						
Practice sessions maximum of 3 hours per session	R -	R -	R -			
Fees per player – ( below the age of 18) (18 and above)	R -	R -	R -		R 26.09 R 95.65	
PER MATCH						
Fees per Match – ( below the age of 18)	R -	R -	R -		R 104.35	
(18 and above)	R -	R -	R -		R 182.61	
SEASON TICKETS (SIX MONTHS)						
Fees per Practice per person – (below the age of 18)	R -	R -	R -		R 191.30	
(18 and above)	R -	R -	R -		R 573.91	
YEAR TICKETS (12 MONTHS)						
Fees per Practice – ( below the age of 18)	R -	R -	R -		R 486.96	
(18 and above)	R -	R -	R -		R 973.91	

#### **Employee Related Costs Increase**

 As per circular No.: 02/2020 from SALGA the salary and wage increase shall be 6.25% for the period 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021, the municipality has effected the increase as stipulated on the circular.

#### **Budget Related Policies**

 Budget related policies have been reviewed for the 2020/21 budget, with the following proposed amendment on the indigent policy;

Current Policy	Proposed Policy
The validity period of assistance will be for	The indigent register will be valid for
the duration that the applicant remains	a period of twelve months after
indigent. Households, in terms of the audit	which the applicants will be required
and review process, will be subjected to	to reapply. The application period
scrutiny to determine any change in status.	will only be open once in a financial
Households may have to re-apply	year (the register will be updated
after every second year if the situation has	once a year).
not changed.	

#### **Operating Revenue Framework**

For Matatiele Local Municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens it needs to generate the required revenue. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality. The reality is that we are faced with development backlogs and poverty. The expenditure required to address these challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to tariff increases and balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues.

The municipality's revenue strategy is built around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy;
- Growth in the Municipality and continued economic development;
- Efficient revenue management, which aims to ensure 85 per cent annual collection rate for property rates and other key service charges;
- Electricity tariff increases as approved by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA);
- Achievement of full cost recovery of specific user charges especially in relation to trading services:
- Determining the tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating the revenue requirement of each service;
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA);
- Increase ability to extend new services and recover costs;
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and rendering of free basic services; and
- Tariff policies of the Municipality.

The following table is a summary of the 2020/21 MTREF (classified by main revenue source):

Table 1 -Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20		2020/21 M	ledium Term R	evenue &
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R tilousaliu	'	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Revenue By Source											
Property rates	2	25 919	25 727	43 280	44 100	44 100	44 100	-	48 190	50 600	53 129
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	47 633	48 494	51 157	53 291	53 287	53 287	-	53 291	59 871	63 055
Service charges - water revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	8 657	9 451	10 009	14 786	14 790	14 790	-	15 526	16 302	17 117
Rental of facilities and equipment		732	956	871	1 700	815	815	-	500	525	551
Interest earned - external investments		7 061	8 989	10 495	13 000	13 000	13 000	-	14 650	15 383	16 152
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		7 206	9 273	9 614	10 225	11 237	11 237	-	11 799	12 389	13 008
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		802	1 296	3 471	2 094	2 244	2 244	-	2 094	2 198	2 308
Licences and permits		3 793	3 598	3 279	4 525	4 535	4 535	-	4 525	4 751	4 988
Agency services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies		170 764	194 284	215 619	242 899	241 181	241 181	-	256 212	267 930	281 432
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		143 839	128 730	107 817	117 059	128 522	128 522	-	101 527	127 554	135 922
Other rev enue	2	7 085	1 444	2 441	1 673	2 159	2 159	-	1 608	1 688	1 773
Gains		-	295	18 761	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers		423 491	432 537	476 814	505 352	515 870	515 870	-	509 921	559 191	589 437
and contributions)											

#### 1.4.1 Property Rates

Property rates cover the cost of the provision of general services. Determining the effective property rate tariff is therefore an integral part of the municipality's budgeting process.

National Treasury's MFMA Circular No.51 deals, inter alia with the implementation of the Municipal Property Rates Act, with the regulations issued by the Department of Co-operative Governance. These regulations came into effect on 1 July 2009 and prescribe the rate ratio to residential properties to be 1:025. The implementation of these regulations was done in the previous budget process and the Property Rates Policy of the Municipality has been amended accordingly.

The following stipulations in the Property Rates Policy are highlighted:

- The first R15 000 of the market value of a property used for residential purposes is excluded from the rate-able value (Section 17 (h) of the MPRA). In addition to this rebate, a further R50 000 reduction on the market value of a property will be granted in terms of the municipality's own Property Rates Policy i.e. the market value less R 65 000.00;
- 100 per cent rebate will be granted to registered indigents in terms of the Indigent Policy;
- For pensioners, physically and mentally disabled persons, a minimum total rebate of 40 per cent will be granted to owners of rateable property if the total gross income of the applicant and/or his/her spouse, if any, is the following:
- Income not exceeding R5 000.00

In this regard the following stipulations are relevant:

- The rate-able property concerned must be occupied only by the applicant and his/her spouse.
- The applicant must submit proof of his/her age, identity and also proof of the annual income from a social pension;
- The applicant's account must be paid in full, or if not, an arrangement to the debt should be in place; and
- The property must be categorized as residential.

#### Additional:

- -Residential properties a 40% rebate
- -Properties categorized commercial 15% rebate on rates.
- -Farms/ Smallholdings used for agricultural purposes 70% rebates.
- The municipality may award a 100 per cent grant in aid on the assessment rates of rate-able properties of certain

Classes such as churches, registered welfare organizations, institutions or organizations performing charitable work,

Sports grounds used for purposes of amateur sport.

In considering changes in property rates, cognizance was taken of the local economic conditions such as the gradual recovery in the property market, trends in household incomes and unemployment. Excessive increases in property rates and other tariffs are likely to be counterproductive, resulting in higher levels of non-payment and increased bad debts.

**Table 2- Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts** 

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cur	rrent Year 2019	)/20			um Term Revenue & ture Framework		
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year		
i iiousaiiu		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23		
RECEIPTS:	1, 2											
Operating Transfers and Grants												
National Government:		176 032	193 039	214 943	242 339	240 621	240 621	255 022	267 930	281 432		
Local Government Equitable Share		170 266	185 808	207 642	234 919	234 919	234 919	249 823	266 230	279 732		
Ex panded Public Works Programme Integrated	d Gra	1 790	2 780	3 185	3 257	3 257	3 257	3 499	-	-		
Local Government Financial Management Gra	nt	1 625	1 699	1 701	1 700	1 700	1 700	1 700	1 700	1 700		
Municipal Disaster Grant		2 351				745	745	-	-	-		
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		-	2 752	2 415	2 463	-	-	-	-	-		
Provincial Government:		-	1 246	676	560	560	560	1 190	_	_		
Capacity Building and Other		-	-	-	560	560	560	1 190	-	-		
Human Settlement Development		-	778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
IDP		-	8	168	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Libraries, Archives and Museums		-	_	508	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Library Service		-	459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
District Municipality:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
[insert description]		-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-		
Other grant providers:		_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_		
[insert description]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	176 032	194 284	215 619	242 899	241 181	241 181	256 212	267 930	281 432		

The municipality operational grants budget amounts to R256,2 million for 2020/21 year, included in this amount is the equitable share allocation, the operational grants budget equates to 50% of the total revenue budget.

Table 3 Comparison of rated levies for the 2020/21 financial year

	DESCRIPTION	CURRENT TARIFF VAT EXCLUDED 2019/2020	NEW TARIFF 2020/2021 ( Effective from 1 July 2020 )
Residential First R65 000   40% Rebate	Excemption	0.010058055	0.010560958
Vacant Land		0.0201159	0.021121695
Commercial 15% Rebate		0.012075	0.0126732
Government 0 Rebates		0.0201159	0.021121695
Farms 70% Rebate		0.00251475	0.00264025
Industrial 15% Rebate		0.012075	0.0126732
Municipal 100% discount	t	0.012075	0.0126732

Table 4 Comparison between current electricity charges and increases

DESCRIPTION	T.	CURRENT ARIFF VAT EXCLUDED 2019/2020	NEW TARIFF 2020/2021 ( Effective from 1 July 2020 )		
Scale 1: Domestic Consumers					
Basic charge, single or three phase per household per month. Plus the following kWh charges per month.	R	434.53	R	461.56	
0-50	R	0.96	R	1.02	
51-350	R	1.25	R	1.33	
351-600	R	1.77	R	1.88	
600 over	R	2.12	R	2.25	
0 - 25 KVA	R	481.86	R	511.83	
Commercial unit charge:	R	1.89	R	2.01	
26 - 64 KVA	R	1 796.28	R	1 908.01	
Commercial unit charge:	R	1.92	R	2.04	
65 KVA and more	R	10 510.43	R	11 164.18	
Commercial unit charge:	R	1.92	R	2.04	

#### **Waste Removal and Impact of Tariff Increases**

Currently solid waste removal is operating at a deficit. It is widely accepted that the rendering of this service should at least break even, which is currently not the case. The Municipality will have to implement a solid waste strategy to ensure that this service can be rendered in a sustainable manner over the medium to long-term. The main contributors to this deficit are repairs and maintenance on vehicles, increases in general expenditure such as fuel and oil and the employee related cost.

A 5 per cent increase in the waste tariff is proposed from for the 2020/21 budget year. The following table compares current and proposed amounts payable for the 2020/21 MTREF Table 6 Comparison between current waste removal fees and increases

DESCRIPTION		CURRENT TARIFF VAT EXCLUDED 2019/2020	Increase for 2020/2021	NEW TARIFF 2020/2021 ( Effective from 1 July 2020 )
REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES				
Domestic Removals				
Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.	R	132.56	5%	R 139.19
Commercial Removals				
Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.	R	198.83	5%	R 208.77
In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.	R	198.83	5%	R 208.77
Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.				
Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises				
Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats shall be regarded as separately occupied buildings, and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.				
Availability Charge				
A availability fee , is charged to any vacant commercial erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.	R	224.70	5%	R 235.94
A availability fee , is charged to any vacant domestic erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.	R	112.35	5%	R 117.97

#### 1.2.1 Overall impact of tariff increases on households

The following table shows the overall expected impact of the tariff increases on a large and small household, as well as an indigent household receiving free basic services.

Note that in all instances the overall impact of the tariff increases on household bills has been kept at an average of 5 per cent.

Table 7 EC441 MATATIELE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY Table SA14 – Household bills

P		2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cu	rrent Year 2019	9/20	2020/21 N Expe			
Description	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Yea +2 2022/23
Rand/cent					_			% incr.			
Monthly Account for Household - 'Middle	1										
Income Range'											
Rates and services charges:											
Property rates		322.72	322.72	355.79	355,79	355.79	355.79	5.0%	392.26	411.87	432.46
Electricity: Basic levy		219.21	219.21	247.76	247.76	247.76	247.76	13.0%	297.17	335.80	379.46
Electricity: Consumption		659.56	659.56	745.45	745.45	745.45	745.45	13.0%	894.13	1 010.36	1 141.7
Water: Basic levy		_	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water: Consumption		_	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sanitation		_	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Refuse removal		50.85	11/4	11/4	TI/Q	11/4	11/4	5.0%	139.19	146.14	153.46
Other		30.00	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	J.U/0	n/a	n/a	n/a
sub-tota		1 252.34	1 201.49	1 349.00	1 349.00	1 349.00	1 349.00	27.7%	1 722.75	1 904.17	2 107.0
VAT on Services	'	1 232.34	1 201.49	1 345.00	1 345.00	1 345.00	1 345.00	21.176	1 122.13	1 304.17	2 107.0
		1 252.34	1 201.49	1 349.00	1 349.00	1 349.00	1 349.00	27.7%	1 722.75	1 904.17	2 107.0
Total large household bill: % increase/-decrease		1 232.34		1 349.00	1 349.00	1 349.00	1 349.00	21.1%	27.7%	1 904.17	10.7%
% Increase/-decrease			(4.1%)	12.3%	-	-	-		21.1%	10.5%	10.77
Monthly Account for Household - 'Affordable	_ 2										
Range'											
Rates and services charges:											
Property rates		322.72	322.72	355.79	0.05	0.05	0.05	5.0%	392.25	411.87	432.46
Electricity: Basic levy		219.21	219.21	247.76	0.07	0.07	0.07	13.0%	491.33	555.20	627.38
Electricity: Consumption		659.56	659.56	745.45	-	-	-	13.0%	951.86	1 075.60	1 215.4
Water: Basic levy		-	-	-	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water: Consumption Sanitation		-	-	-	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Refuse removal		50.85	50.85	117.99	0.05	0.05	0.05	n/a	n/a 139.19	n/a 146.14	n/a 153.45
Other		30.03	30.03	117.99	0.05	0.05	0.05		139.19	140.14	155.40
sub-tota	ıl	1 252.34	1 252.34	1 466.99	0.17	0.17	0.17	1 161 447.1%	1 974.63	2 188.81	2 428.7
VAT on Services		1 202.0	. 202.0	1 100.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1 01 1100	2 100101	2 .20
Total small household bill:		1 252.34	1 252.34	1 466.99	0.17	0.17	0.17	1 161 447.1%	1 974.63	2 188.81	2 428.7
% increase/-decrease			-	17.1%	(100.0%)	_	-		1 161 447.1%	10.8%	11.0%
				-	-6.83	-1.00	-				
Monthly Account for Household - 'Indigent'	3		***************************************			***************************************				***************************************	
Household receiving free basic services											
Rates and services charges:											
Property rates		30 000.00	30 000.00	30 000.00	55 000.00	55 000.00	55 000.00	5.0%	65 000.00	65 000.00	65 000.00
Electricity: Basic levy			33 300.00	22 300.00	22 200.00	22 000.00	22 200.00	3.070	22 000.00	22 000.00	22 000.00
Electricity: Consumption		50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	_	50.00	50.00	50.00
Water: Basic levy		50.00	00.00	50.00	50.00	00.00	50.00	_	50.00	50.00	50.00
Water: Consumption											
Sanitation											
Sanitation Refuse removal		76 454.37	72 813.69	76 454.37	117.99	117.99	117.99	5.0%	139.19	146.14	153.4
		10 454.37	12 813.09	10 454.37	117.99	117.99	117.99	5.0%	139.19	140.14	155.4
Other		400 501 05	400 000 00	400 501 05	FF / 0- 0-	FF 10- 0-	FF / AT A -	10.000	05.400.75	05.100.1.	0F 000 :
sub-tota	'	106 504.37	102 863.69	106 504.37	55 167.99	55 167.99	55 167.99	18.2%	65 189.19	65 196.14	65 203.4
VAT on Services		400 501 05	400 000 00	400 501 05	FF (AT AT	FF 40- 0-	FF 40= 0:	10.00	05 100 15	05 100 11	05.000
Total small household bill: % increase/-decrease		106 504.37	102 863.69	106 504.37	55 167.99	55 167.99	55 167.99	18.2%	65 189.19	65 196.14	65 203.45
	1		(3.4%)	3.5%	(48.2%)	_		•	18.2%	0.0%	0.09

#### **Operating Expenditure Framework**

The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2020/21 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue)
  unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit;
- Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA;
- Strict adherences to the principle of no project plan no budget. If there is no business plan no funding allocation can be made.

The following table is a high level summary of the 2020/21 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure):

Table 8 Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item

Ref	2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 Current Year 2019/20								2020/21 Medium Term Revenue &			
1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year		
	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23		
2	86 312	100 317	108 880	120 608	122 505	122 505	-	125 231	131 492	138 067		
	16 987	18 636	19 626	22 763	22 795	22 795	-	21 537	21 753	22 841		
3	1 194	(66)	5 848	5 500	4 000	4 000	-	5 000	5 250	5 513		
2	32 720	51 771	54 995	30 448	30 448	30 448	-	33 110	34 766	36 504		
	42	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2	36 714	37 197	39 260	47 900	47 900	47 900	-	48 000	50 400	52 920		
8	2 182	4 551	3 646	4 632	7 360	7 360	-	5 567	5 845	6 137		
	64 700	68 201	67 838	88 323	92 520	92 520	-	101 279	107 466	112 840		
	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4, 5	42 927	35 491	41 919	68 119	62 282	62 282	-	68 670	73 022	76 673		
	208	45 938	118 195	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	-	408 393	429 994	451 494		
	2 8	1 Outcome 2 86 312 16 987 3 1 194 2 32 720 42 2 36 714 8 2 182 64 700 - 4, 5 42 927 208	1 Outcome Outcome 2 86 312 100 317 16 987 18 636 3 1 194 (66) 2 32 720 51 771 42 8 2 36 714 37 197 8 2 182 4 551 64 700 68 201 4, 5 42 927 35 491 208 45 938	1         Outcome         Outcome         Outcome           2         86 312         100 317         108 880           16 987         18 636         19 626           3         1 194         (66)         5 848           2         32 720         51 771         54 995           42         8         5           2         36 714         37 197         39 260           8         2 182         4 551         3 646           64 700         68 201         67 838           -         -         150           4, 5         42 927         35 491         41 919           208         45 938         118 195	Outcome         Outcome         Outcome         Budget           2         86 312         100 317         108 880         120 608           16 987         18 636         19 626         22 763           3         1 194         (66)         5 848         5 500           2         32 720         51 771         54 995         30 448           42         8         5         -           2         36 714         37 197         39 260         47 900           8         2 182         4 551         3 646         4 632           64 700         68 201         67 838         88 323           -         -         150         -           4, 5         42 927         35 491         41 919         68 119           208         45 938         118 195         -	Outcome         Outcome         Outcome         Budget         Budget           2         86 312         100 317         108 880         120 608         122 505           16 987         18 636         19 626         22 763         22 795           3         1 194         (66)         5 848         5 500         4 000           2         32 720         51 771         54 995         30 448         30 448           42         8         5         -         -           2         36 714         37 197         39 260         47 900         47 900           8         2 182         4 551         3 646         4 632         7 360           64 700         68 201         67 838         88 323         92 520           -         -         150         -         -           4, 5         42 927         35 491         41 919         68 119         62 282           208         45 938         118 195         -         -         -	Outcome         Outcome         Outcome         Budget         Budget         Forecast           2         86 312         100 317         108 880         120 608         122 505         122 505           3         1 987         18 636         19 626         22 763         22 795         22 795           3         1 194         (66)         5 848         5 500         4 000         4 000           2         32 720         51 771         54 995         30 448         30 448         30 448           42         8         5         -         -         -         -           2         36 714         37 197         39 260         47 900         47 900         47 900           8         2 182         4 551         3 646         4 632         7 360         7 360           64 700         68 201         67 838         88 323         92 520         92 520           -         -         -         -         -         -           4, 5         42 927         35 491         41 919         68 119         62 282         62 282           208         45 938         118 195         -         -         -         -	Outcome         Outcome         Outcome         Budget         Budget         Forecast         outcome           2         86 312         100 317         108 880         120 608         122 505         122 505         —           3         1 194         (66)         5 848         5 500         4 000         4 000         —           2         32 720         51 771         54 995         30 448         30 448         30 448         —           2         36 714         37 197         39 260         47 900         47 900         47 900         —           8         2 182         4 551         3 646         4 632         7 360         7 360         —           64 700         68 201         67 838         88 323         92 520         92 520         —           -         -         -         150         —         —         —         —           4,5         42 927         35 491         41 919         68 119         62 282         62 282         —           208         45 938         118 195         —         —         —         —         —	Outcome         Outcome         Outcome         Budget         Budget         Forecast         outcome         2020/21           2         86 312         100 317         108 880         120 608         122 505         122 505         —         125 231           3         1 194         (66)         5 848         5 500         4 000         4 000         —         5 000           2         32 720         51 771         54 995         30 448         30 448         30 448         —         33 110           42         8         5         —         —         —         —         —           2         36 714         37 197         39 260         47 900         47 900         47 900         —         48 000           8         2 182         4 551         3 646         4 632         7 360         7 360         —         5 567           64 700         68 201         67 838         88 323         92 520         92 520         —         101 279           —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         68 670           4, 5         42 927         35 491         41 919<	Outcome         Outcome         Outcome         Budget         Budget         Forecast         outcome         2020/21         +1 2021/22           2         86 312         100 317         108 880         120 608         122 505         122 505         —         125 231         131 492           16 987         18 636         19 626         22 763         22 795         —         21 537         21 753           3         1 194         (66)         5 848         5 500         4 000         4 000         —         5 000         5 250           2         32 720         51 771         54 995         30 448         30 448         30 448         —         33 110         34 766           42         8         5         —         —         —         —         —         —           2         36 714         37 197         39 260         47 900         47 900         47 900         —         48 000         50 400           8         2 182         4 551         3 646         4 632         7 360         7 360         —         5 567         5 845           64 700         68 201         67 838         88 323         92 520         92 520         —		

The budgeted allocation for employee related costs for the 2020/21 financial year totals R125, 2 million, which equals 31 per cent of the total operating expenditure. The municipality has effected an increase of 6.25 % for the 2020/2021 budget year.

The cost associated with the remuneration of councillors is determined by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs in accordance with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998 (Act 20 of 1998). The most recent proclamation in this regard has been taken into account in compiling the Municipality's budget.

The provision of debt impairment was determined based on an annual collection rate of 85 per cent and the Debt Write-off Policy of the Municipality. For the 2020/21 financial year this amount equates to R5, million and escalates to R5,5, million by 2023/23. While this expenditure is

considered to be a non-cash flow item, it informed the total cost associated with rendering the services of the municipality, as well as the municipality's realistically anticipated revenues.

Provision for depreciation and asset impairment has been informed by the Municipality's Asset Management Policy. Depreciation is widely considered a proxy for the measurement of the rate asset consumption. Budget appropriations in this regard total R33, 1 million for the 2020/21 financial and equates to 8 per cent of the total operating expenditure.

Bulk purchases are directly informed by the purchase of electricity from Eskom. The annual price increases have been factored into the budget appropriations and directly inform the revenue provisions. The expenditures include distribution losses.

Other material comprises of amongst others materials for maintenance.

For 2020/21 budget year the appropriation against this group of expenditure is by 2 per cent and continues to grow at 3 and 5 per cent for the two outer years.

Other expenditure comprises of various line items relating to the daily operations of the municipality. The appropriation for this group of expenditures equates to 17 per cent for 2020/21.

#### 1.2.2 Priority given to repairs and maintenance

Aligned to the priority being given to preserving and maintaining the Municipality's current infrastructure, the 2020/21 budget and MTREF provide for extensive growth in the area of asset maintenance, as informed by the asset renewal strategy and repairs and maintenance plan of the Municipality. In terms of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, operational repairs and maintenance is not considered a direct expenditure driver but an outcome of certain other expenditures, such as remuneration, purchases of materials and contracted services.

The table below provides a breakdown of the repairs and maintenance in relation expenditure items:

Table 9 Repairs and maintenance by expenditure item

Description	Ref	Cui	rent Year 2019	/20	2020/21 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework				
R thousand		Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23		
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset Class/Sub-class									
<u>Infrastructure</u>		5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715		
Roads Infrastructure		5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715		
Roads		5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715		
Community Assets		13 500	12 679	12 679	10 230	10 742	11 279		
Community Facilities		750	785	785	1 180	1 239	1 301		
Halls		100	100	100	100	105	110		
Fire/Ambulance Stations		_	_	_	_	_	_		
Public Open Space		_	-	-	210	221	232		
Nature Reserves		_	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Ablution Facilities		650	685	685	750	788	827		
Markets		_	-	-	-	-	-		
Stalls		-	-	-	120	126	132		
Sport and Recreation Facilities		12 750	11 894	11 894	9 050	9 503	9 978		
Indoor Facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Outdoor Facilities		12 750	11 894	11 894	9 050	9 503	9 978		
Capital Spares		_	-	-	-	-	-		
Other assets		3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334		
Operational Buildings		3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334		
Municipal Offices		3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334		
Machinery and Equipment		1 550	2 375	2 375	1 225	1 286	1 351		
Machinery and Equipment		1 550	2 375	2 375	1 225	1 286	1 351		
Transport Assets		-	-	-	2 430	2 625	2 756		
Transport Assets		-	-	-	2 430	2 625	2 756		
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	_	_	_		
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	1	24 017	23 151	23 151	22 093	23 271	24 435		

For the 2020/21 financial year repairs and maintenance is budgeted at R22, 1 million this equates to 5 % of the total operating budget, this increase to R24, 4 million in the 2022/23 outer year.

#### 1.5.2 Free Basic Services: Basic Social Services Package

The social package assists households that are poor or face other circumstances that limit their ability to pay for services. To receive these free services, the households are required to register in terms of the Municipality's Indigent Policy. The target is to register 17 000 or more indigent households during the 2020/21 financial year, a process reviewed annually.

The cost of the social package of the registered indigent households is largely financed by national government through the local government equitable share received in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act.

#### 1.3 Capital expenditure

The following table provides a breakdown of budgeted capital expenditure by vote:

Table 10 2020/21 Medium-term capital budget per vote

Vote Description		0040/47	0047/40	0040/40		0	0040/00	2020/21 Medium Term Revenue &			
vote Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ear 2019/20		Expe	nditure Frame	work
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R tilousaliu	'	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Capital expenditure - Vote											
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Ex ecutive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000	1 100	1 210
Vote 3 - Corporate		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 5 - Community		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136 755	157 910	167 362
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137 755	159 010	168 572
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Ex ecutive and council		1 106	1	-	5 000	3 300	3 300	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		13 853	1 480	4 974	1 315	2 330	2 330	-	5 029	5 531	6 084
Vote 3 - Corporate		-	-	-	3 732	8 733	8 733	-	3 130	3 443	3 787
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		1 016	91	175	62 601	70 251	70 251	-	480	528	581
Vote 5 - Community		3 141	181	43 632	7 785	720	720	-	6 190	6 523	7 175
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		120 833	89 235	75 598	97 902	102 000	102 000	-	21 730	9 689	12 610
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	47	1	50	50	50	ı	-	-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	-	36 559	25 714	30 238
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	-	174 314	184 724	198 810

#### 1.4 Annual Budget Tables

The following pages present the ten main budget tables as required in terms of section 8 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations. These tables set out the municipality's 2020/21 budget and MTREF as approved by the Council. Each table is accompanied by *explanatory notes* on the facing page.

**Table 11 MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary** 

Description	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye		2020/21 Medium Term Revenue &				
- Scoon Paron				0			Expenditure Framework  Budget Year Budget Year Budget Yea				
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23	
Financial Performance	25.040	25 727	43 280	44 100	44 100	44 100	_	40 400	E0 600	53 129	
Property rates Service charges	<b>25 919</b> 56 290	57 945	61 166	68 077	68 077	68 077	_	<b>48 190</b> 68 817	<b>50 600</b> 76 173	80 172	
Investment revenue	7 061	8 989	10 495	13 000	13 000	13 000	_	14 650	15 383	16 152	
Transfers recognised - operational	170 764	194 284	215 619	242 899	241 181	241 181	_	256 212	267 930	281 432	
Other own revenue	19 618	16 862	38 437	20 216	20 989	20 989	_	20 525	21 551	22 629	
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and	279 653	303 807	368 997	388 292	387 348	387 348	_	408 394	431 637	453 515	
contributions)											
Employ ee costs	86 312	100 317	108 880	120 608	122 505	122 505	-	125 231	131 492	138 067	
Remuneration of councillors	16 987	18 636	19 626	22 763	22 795	22 795	-	21 537	21 753	22 841	
Depreciation & asset impairment	32 720	51 771	54 995	30 448	30 448	30 448	-	33 110	34 766	36 504	
Finance charges	42	8	5	- 50.500	-	-	-	- 50 507	-	- 50.057	
Materials and bulk purchases Transfers and grants	38 896	41 748	42 906 150	52 532	55 260	55 260	-	53 567	56 245	59 057	
Other expenditure	109 029	149 564	233 800	161 942	158 802	158 802	_	174 949	185 738	195 025	
Total Expenditure	283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810		408 393	429 994	451 494	
Surplus/(Deficit)	(4 335)	(58 238)	(91 366)	0	(2 463)	(2 463)	-	1	1 643	2 021	
	( ,	(** =**)	(******)	_	(= :::)	(= 100)					
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)	143 839	119 424	104 943	117 059	128 522	128 522	-	101 527	127 554	135 922	
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental											
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,											
Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher											
Educational Institutions) & Transfers and subsidies -											
capital (in-kind - all)	-	9 306	2 874	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	-	101 528	129 197	137 943	
contributions											
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	-	101 528	129 197	137 943	
Capital expenditure & funds sources											
Capital expenditure	139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	_	174 314	184 724	198 810	
Transfers recognised - capital	119 568	66 228	90 529	117 059	126 059	126 059	_	99 340	127 553	135 922	
Borrowing		-		- 111	-	-	_		127 000	100 322	
Internally generated funds	20 380	24 806	33 850	61 325	61 325	61 325	_	74 974	57 171	62 888	
Total sources of capital funds	139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	_	174 314	184 724	198 810	
Financial position											
Total current assets	131 188	215 785	257 913	210 603	227 035	227 035	_	232 526	660 811	187 816	
Total non current assets	820 749	940 377	986 844	1 144 736	1 143 780	1 143 780	_	1 143 450	1 163 566	900 807	
Total current liabilities	41 435	92 621	96 378	37 821	96 378	96 378	_	97 388	65 452	92 485	
Total non current liabilities	25 262	27 466	27 114	29 114	27 114	27 114	_	27 398	27 685	27 976	
Community wealth/Equity	885 240	1 036 076	1 121 264	1 288 405	1 247 324	1 247 324	264 232	1 251 190	1 731 240	968 163	
Cash flows											
Net cash from (used) operating	169 885	380 633	198 955	125 951	135 164	135 164	_	140 489	158 623	160 820	
Net cash from (used) investing	(146 258)	(139 800)	(145 577)	(125 574)	(178 384)	(178 384)	_	(174 314)	(184 724)	(198 810)	
Net cash from (used) financing	-	1 180	75	(954)	954	954	-	13	13	13	
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	71 912	245 985	173 322	131 679	81 731	81 731	-	103 071	91 620	69 013	
Cash backing/surplus reconciliation											
Cash and investments available	71 912	119 869	123 997	127 134	81 522	81 522	-	117 708	106 990	85 151	
Application of cash and investments	(17 961)	(245 204)	(134 622)	(16 431)	(75 045)	(75 045)	-	(73 026)	(635 979)	(51 788)	
Balance - surplus (shortfall)	89 873	365 073	258 619	143 565	156 566	156 566	-	190 734	742 969	136 939	
Asset management											
Asset register summary (WDV)	525 879	671 076	761 825	771 114	749 893	749 893	749 893	760 488	769 398	534 815	
Depreciation	32 720	51 771	54 995	30 448	30 448	30 448	30 448	33 110	34 766	36 504	
Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance	_	505 (303)	13 215 (5 376)	8 230 24 017	5 250 23 151	5 250 23 151	5 250 23 151	35 079 22 093	47 152 23 271	49 667 24 435	
<u>'</u>	_	(303)	(0 310)	24 017	23 131	23 131	23 131	22 093	23 2/1	24 433	
Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided	_	_	_		_	_		_			
Revenue cost of free services provided	_	_		19 274	_	_	17 954	17 954	18 852	19 794	
Households below minimum service level	[		_	13 214	=		11 334	17 334	10 032	13 / 34	
	1								1	I	
Water:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Water:									1	-	

#### **Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary**

- 1. Table A1 is a budget summary and provides a concise overview of the Municipality's budget from all of the major financial perspectives (operating, capital expenditure, financial position, cash flow, and MFMA funding compliance).
- 2. The table provides an overview of the amounts approved by Council for operating performance, resources deployed to capital expenditure, financial position, cash and funding compliance, as well as the municipality's commitment to eliminating basic service delivery backlogs.
- 3. Financial management reforms emphasises the importance of the municipal budget being funded. This requires the simultaneous assessment of the Financial Performance, Financial Position and Cash Flow Budgets, along with the Capital Budget. The Budget Summary provides the key information in this regard:
  - a. The operating surplus/deficit (after Total Expenditure) is positive over the MTREF
  - b. Capital expenditure is balanced by capital funding sources, of which
    - i. Transfers recognised is reflected on the Financial Performance Budget;
    - ii. Borrowing is incorporated in the net cash from financing on the Cash Flow Budget
    - iii. Internally generated funds are financed from a combination of the current operating surplus and accumulated cash-backed surpluses from previous years. The amount is incorporated in the Net cash from investing on the Cash Flow Budget. The fact that the municipality's cash flow remains positive, and is improving indicates that the necessary cash resources are available to fund the Capital Budget.
- 4. The Cash backing/surplus reconciliation shows that in previous financial years the municipality was not paying much attention to managing this aspect of its finances, and consequently many of its obligations are not cash-backed. These places the municipality in a very vulnerable financial position, as the recent slow-down in revenue collections highlighted. Consequently, Council has taken a deliberate decision to ensure adequate cash-backing for all material obligations in accordance with the recently adopted Funding and Reserves Policy. This cannot be achieved in one financial year. But over the MTREF there is progressive improvement in the level of cash-backing of obligations. It is anticipated that the goal of having all obligations cash-back will be achieved by 2019/20, when a small surplus is reflected.
- 5. Even though the Council is placing great emphasis on securing the financial sustainability of the municipality, this is not being done at the expense of services to the poor. The section of Free Services shows that the amount spent on Free Basic Services and the revenue cost of free services provided by the municipality continues to increase. In addition, the municipality continues to make progress in addressing service delivery backlogs.

Table 12 MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

Functional Classification Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Current Year 2019/20				ledium Term R Inditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Revenue - Functional		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2 a a got	- Lugot		2020/21		12 2022/20
Governance and administration		367 201	236 486	299 999	304 530	306 471	306 471	325 819	345 941	363 344
Executive and council			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Finance and administration		367 201	236 486	299 999	304 530	306 471	306 471	325 819	345 941	363 344
Internal audit		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Community and public safety		_	4 500	7 240	11 026	10 406	10 406	11 958	7 633	8 014
Community and social services		_	41	1 107	4 937	4 317	4 317	5 719	1 082	1 136
Sport and recreation		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety		_	4 459	6 133	6 089	6 089	6 089	6 239	6 551	6 879
Housing		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Health		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services		_	47 651	64 764	50 815	58 925	58 925	49 081	53 206	56 228
Planning and development		_	638	888	145	350	350	145	152	160
Road transport		_	47 013	63 877	50 670	58 575	58 575	48 936	53 054	56 068
Environmental protection		_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading services		56 290	143 899	104 810	138 981	140 068	140 068	123 062	152 411	161 851
Energy sources		47 633	134 349	94 680	124 132	125 140	125 140	107 474	136 043	144 665
Water management		., 555	-	-		-	-	_	-	-
Waste water management			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste management		8 657	9 551	10 131	14 849	14 928	14 928	15 588	16 367	17 186
Other	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 10 000	10 007	- 17 100
Total Revenue - Functional	2	423 491	432 537	476 814	505 352	515 870	515 870	509 921	559 191	589 437
Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration		283 987	219 661	288 170	231 762	207 507	207 507	212 043	222 015	233 116
Executive and council		203 901	26 388	27 744	31 926	35 768	35 768	28 964	30 575	32 103
		283 987	190 364	257 355	195 928	167 522	167 522	179 004	187 109	196 465
Finance and administration Internal audit		203 901	2 909	3 071	3 908	4 218	4 218	4 075	4 331	4 548
Community and public safety		_	19 004	27 388	31 101	27 909	27 909	36 223	38 313	40 228
1		_ [	5 349	10 768	12 259	12 559	12 559	15 351	16 239	17 051
Community and social services		_	5 349	10 700	12 259	12 339	12 559	10 301	10 239	17 051
Sport and recreation Public safety		-	13 655	16 620	18 842	15 350	15 350	20 873	22 074	23 177
Housing		_	13 033	10 020	10 042	15 550	10 000	20 073	22 074	23 177
Health			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services		_	59 982	82 509	48 631	75 526	75 526	78 862	83 593	87 772
Planning and development		_ [	16 738	47 416	22 054	20 644	20 644	25 584	27 236	28 598
Road transport		_	43 244	35 094	26 577	54 882	54 882	53 278	56 357	59 174
Environmental protection		_	43 244	35 094	20 377	J4 00Z	34 002	33 270	30 337	39 174
*		_	63 399	62 295	76 798		70 000		86 074	90 377
Trading services		-	51 497	<b>62 293</b> 46 013	76 798 56 551	<b>78 868</b> 56 851	<b>78 868</b> 56 851	<b>81 265</b> 57 506	60 412	63 433
Energy sources Water management		-	51 497	40 013	1 55 95	20 92 1	20 001	5/ 506	00 412	03 433
_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		_	11 902	16 283	20 247	22 017	22 017	23 759	25 661	26 944
Waste management  Other	4	_	11 902	10 203	20 241	22 017	22 017	23 / 39	20 001	20 944
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	408 393	429 994	451 494
· ·	J			16 451					129 197	137 943
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		139 504	70 492	10 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	101 528	129 197	137 943

## Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

- Table A2 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to revenue and expenditure per standard classification. The modified GFS standard classification divides the municipal services into 15 functional areas. Municipal revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure are then classified in terms if each of these functional areas which enables the National Treasury to compile 'whole of government' reports.
- 2. Note the Total Revenue on this table includes capital revenues (Transfers recognised capital) and so does not balance to the operating revenue shown on Table A4.
- 3. Note that as a general principle the revenues for the Trading Services should exceed their expenditures.

Table 13 Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Vote Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	)/20		2020/21 Medium Term Revenue Expenditure Framework		
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	
R tilousaliu		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23	
Revenue by Vote	1										
Vote 1 - Ex ecutive and council		-	-	10	250	250	250	-	-	-	
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		423 491	234 109	296 420	303 930	305 726	305 726	325 469	345 573	362 958	
Vote 3 - Corporate		-	3 156	3 570	350	495	495	350	368	386	
Vote 4 - Dev elopment and Planning		-	46 698	64 598	50 600	58 610	58 610	49 081	53 206	56 228	
Vote 5 - Community		-	14 051	17 371	25 875	25 334	25 334	27 546	24 000	25 200	
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		-	134 523	94 846	124 347	125 455	125 455	107 474	136 043	144 665	
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Revenue by Vote	2	423 491	432 537	476 814	505 352	515 870	515 870	509 921	559 191	589 437	
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1										
Vote 1 - Executive and council		-	30 486	31 795	40 228	39 100	39 100	38 126	40 547	42 574	
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		283 987	150 334	194 094	118 539	86 614	86 614	96 839	102 537	107 664	
Vote 3 - Corporate		-	58 740	54 714	63 183	67 077	67 077	67 765	68 969	72 418	
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		-	28 617	42 924	40 735	67 869	67 869	72 020	76 136	79 942	
Vote 5 - Community		-	32 994	48 166	57 252	60 425	60 425	65 219	69 604	73 084	
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		-	57 964	85 599	64 447	64 507	64 507	64 347	67 869	71 262	
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	2 909	3 071	3 908	4 218	4 218	4 075	4 331	4 548	
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	408 393	429 994	451 494	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	101 528	129 197	137 943	

# Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

1. Table A3 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to the revenue and expenditure per municipal vote. This table facilitates the view of the budgeted operating performance in relation to the organisational structure of the Municipality. This means it is possible to present the operating surplus or deficit of a vote.

Table 14 Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			ledium Term R enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Revenue By Source											
Property rates	2	25 919	25 727	43 280	44 100	44 100	44 100	_	48 190	50 600	53 129
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	47 633	48 494	51 157	53 291	53 287	53 287	_	53 291	59 871	63 055
Service charges - water revenue	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	8 657	9 451	10 009	14 786	14 790	14 790	_	15 526	16 302	17 117
•	1			871							
Rental of facilities and equipment		732	956		1 700	815	815	-	500	525	551
Interest earned - external investments		7 061	8 989	10 495	13 000	13 000	13 000	-	14 650	15 383	16 152
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		7 206	9 273	9 614	10 225	11 237	11 237	-	11 799	12 389	13 008
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		802	1 296	3 471	2 094	2 244	2 244	-	2 094	2 198	2 308
Licences and permits		3 793	3 598	3 279	4 525	4 535	4 535	-	4 525	4 751	4 988
Agency services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies		170 764	194 284	215 619	242 899	241 181	241 181	-	256 212	267 930	281 432
Other rev enue	2	7 085	1 444	2 441	1 673	2 159	2 159	-	1 608	1 688	1 773
Gains		_	295	18 761	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers		279 653	303 807	368 997	388 292	387 348	387 348	-	408 394	431 637	453 515
and contributions)											
Expenditure By Type											
Employee related costs	2	86 312	100 317	108 880	120 608	122 505	122 505	_	125 231	131 492	138 067
Remuneration of councillors	1	16 987	18 636	19 626	22 763	22 795	22 795	_	21 537	21 753	22 841
Debt impairment	3	1 194	(66)	5 848	5 500	4 000	4 000	_	5 000	5 250	5 513
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	32 720	51 771	54 995	30 448	30 448	30 448	-	33 110	34 766	36 504
Finance charges		42	8	5	-	-	_	-	-	_	_
Bulk purchases	2	36 714	37 197	39 260	47 900	47 900	47 900	-	48 000	50 400	52 920
Other materials	8	2 182	4 551	3 646	4 632	7 360	7 360	-	5 567	5 845	6 137
Contracted services		64 700	68 201	67 838	88 323	92 520	92 520	-	101 279	107 466	112 840
Transfers and subsidies		-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenditure	4, 5	42 927	35 491	41 919	68 119	62 282	62 282	-	68 670	73 022	76 673
Losses		208	45 938	118 195	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure		283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	-	408 393	429 994	451 494
Surplus/(Deficit) Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary		(4 335)	(58 238)	(91 366)	0	(2 463)	(2 463)	-	1	1 643	2 021
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		143 839	119 424	104 943	117 059	128 522	128 522	-	101 527	127 554	135 922
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental											
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,											
Priv ate Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher											
Educational Institutions)	6	-	9 306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		_	_	2 874	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	_	101 528	129 197	137 943
contributions											
Tax ation		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation		139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	_	101 528	129 197	137 943
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	_	101 528	129 197	137 943
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	-	101 528	129 197	137 943

## Explanatory notes to Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

- 1. Total revenue is R408,3 million (excluding capital and escalates to R453,5, million by 2022/23.
- 2. Revenue to be generated from property rates is R48, 1 million in the 2020/21 financial year and increases to R53,1 million by 2022/23 which represents 12 per cent of the operating revenue base of the Municipality and therefore remains a significant funding source for the municipality's own revenue.
- 3. Services charges relating to electricity and refuse removal constitutes the biggest component of the revenue basket of the Municipality totalling R68,8 million for the 2020/21 financial year and increasing to R75,8 million by 2022/23. For the 2020/21 financial year services charges amount to 17 per cent of the total operating revenue base. This growth can mainly be attributed to the increase in the bulk prices of electricity.
- 4. Transfers recognised operating includes the local government equitable share and other operating grants from national and provincial government. The percentage share of this revenue source increases each year as per the allocations on the DORA.
- 5. Bulk purchases amounts to R48 million and increases to R52 million for 2022/23. These increases can be attributed to the substantial increase in the cost of bulk electricity from Eskom.
- 6. Employee related costs and bulk purchases are the main cost drivers within the municipality and alternative operational gains and efficiencies will have to be identified to lessen the impact of wage and bulk tariff increases in future years.

Table 15 Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source

Vote Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			ledium Term F Inditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	<b>Budget Year</b>	Budget Year
T thousand	Ľ	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Capital Expenditure - Functional											
Governance and administration		14 959	1 528	4 974	10 122	14 413	14 413	_	9 159	10 074	11 082
Executive and council		1 106	1		25	-	_	_	-	-	_
Finance and administration		13 853	1 480	4 974	10 047	14 363	14 363	-	9 159	10 074	11 082
Internal audit			47		50	50	50	-	-	-	-
Community and public safety		3 141	162	38 302	4 480	520	520	-	3 260	3 300	3 630
Community and social services		2 347	83	37 658	1 180	390	390	-	1 560	1 430	1 573
Sport and recreation					-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		794	80	644	3 300	130	130	-	1 700	1 870	2 057
Housing		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health		-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental services		48 481	9 217	32 120	79 801	94 949	94 949	-	80 724	76 412	81 762
Planning and development		1 016	91	175	382	67	67	_	480	528	581
Road transport		47 465	9 126	31 945	79 419	94 882	94 882	_	80 244	75 884	81 182
Environmental protection					-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Trading services		73 368	80 127	48 982	83 982	77 502	77 502	_	81 171	94 937	102 336
Energy sources		73 368	80 109	43 653	80 702	77 302	77 302	_	78 241	91 714	98 791
Water management					-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Waste water management					-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste management			18	5 330	3 280	200	200	-	2 930	3 223	3 545
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	3	139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	-	174 314	184 724	198 810
Funded by:											
National Government		110 568	66 228	90 529	116 969	125 969	125 969	_	99 080	127 553	135 922
Provincial Government		9 000	_	-	90	90	90	_	260	_	_
District Municipality					_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial											
Departmental Agencies, Households, Non-											
profit Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public											
Corporatons, Higher Educational Institutions)			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers recognised - capital	4	119 568	66 228	90 529	117 059	126 059	126 059	<u></u>	99 340	127 553	135 922
Borrowing	6		-	_	_	_	_	_	_		-
Internally generated funds		20 380	24 806	33 850	61 325	61 325	61 325		74 974	57 171	62 888
Total Capital Funding	7	139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384		174 314	184 724	198 810
Iotal Capital Fulluling	L /	139 948	91 033	124 3/8	170 384	101 384	107 384	-	1/4 314	104 / 24	190 010

# notes to Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source

- 1. Table A5 is a breakdown of the capital programme in relation to capital expenditure by municipal vote (multi-year and single-year appropriations); capital expenditure by standard classification; and the funding sources necessary to fund the capital budget, including information on capital transfers from national and provincial departments.
- 2. The MFMA provides that a municipality may approve multi-year or single-year capital budget appropriations.
- 3. Unlike multi-year capital appropriations, single-year appropriations relate to expenditure that will be incurred in the specific budget year such as the procurement of vehicles and specialized tools and equipment. The budget appropriations for the two outer years are indicative allocations based on the departmental business plans as informed by the IDP and will be reviewed on an annual basis to assess the relevance of the expenditure in relation to the strategic objectives and service delivery imperatives of the Municipality. For the purpose of funding assessment of the MTREF, these appropriations have been included but no commitments will be incurred against single-year appropriations for the two outer-years.

Table 16 MBRR Table A6 -Budgeted Financial Position
Explanatory notes to Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			edium Term R nditure Frame	
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R thousand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
ASSETS											
Current assets											
Cash		71 912	3 412	11 401	3 690	6 794	6 794	-	23 886	2 363	(20 572)
Call investment deposits	1	-	116 456	112 597	123 444	74 728	74 728	-	93 822	104 626	105 723
Consumer debtors	1	41 662	54 629	88 239	68 231	99 277	99 277	-	66 534	504 948	86 171
Other debtors		7 795	40 314	44 702	14 206	45 263	45 263	-	47 299	47 879	13 763
Current portion of long-term receivables		9 150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inv entory	2	670	974	974	1 032	974	974	-	984	994	2 731
Total current assets		131 188	215 785	257 913	210 603	227 035	227 035	-	232 526	660 811	187 816
Non current assets											
Long-term receiv ables		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Investments		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Inv estment property		20 457	20 020	35 575	21 221	35 575	35 575	_	35 947	36 324	36 705
Investment in Associate		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Property, plant and equipment	3	797 779	918 736	950 856	1 121 717	1 107 713	1 107 713	-	1 107 177	1 126 906	863 778
Biological		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intangible		2 513	1 621	413	1 719	413	413	_	326	336	324
Other non-current assets		_	_	_	80	80	80	_	_	_	_
Total non current assets		820 749	940 377	986 844	1 144 736	1 143 780	1 143 780	-	1 143 450	1 163 566	900 807
TOTAL ASSETS		951 937	1 156 162	1 244 756	1 355 340	1 370 816	1 370 816	_	1 375 976	1 824 377	1 088 623
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities											
Bank overdraft	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing	4	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Consumer deposits	'	282	1 180	1 255	301	1 255	1 255	_	1 268	1 282	1 295
Trade and other pay ables	4	39 968	82 679	80 832	36 607	80 832	80 832	-	81 679	49 578	76 445
Provisions		1 185	8 762	14 291	912	14 291	14 291	_	14 440	14 592	14 745
Total current liabilities		41 435	92 621	96 378	37 821	96 378	96 378	-	97 388	65 452	92 485
Non current liabilities											
Borrowing		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Provisions		25 262	27 466	27 114	29 114	27 114	27 114	_	27 398	27 685	27 976
Total non current liabilities		25 262 25 262	27 466	27 114	29 114	27 114	27 114		27 398	27 685	27 976
TOTAL LIABILITIES		66 698	120 087	123 492	66 934	123 492	123 492		124 787	93 137	120 460
NET ASSETS	5	885 240	1 036 076	1 121 264	1 288 405	1 247 324	1 247 324	-	1 251 190	1 731 240	968 163
COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY											
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		798 155	649 812	668 804	878 966	794 864	794 864	-	793 988	1 269 247	501 328
Reserves	4	87 085	386 264	452 460	409 440	452 460	452 460	-	457 202	461 993	466 835
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	5	885 240	1 036 076	1 121 264	1 288 405	1 247 324	1 247 324	-	1 251 190	1 731 240	968 163

- 1. Table A6 is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice, and improves understand ability for councillors and management of the impact of the budget on the statement of financial position (balance sheet).
- 2. This format of presenting the statement of financial position is aligned to GRAP1, which is generally aligned to the international version which presents Assets Less Liabilities as "accounting" Community Wealth. The order of items within each group illustrates items in order of liquidity; i.e. assets readily converted to cash, or liabilities immediately required to be met from cash, appear first.
- 3. The municipal equivalent of equity is Community Wealth/Equity. The justification is that ownership and the net assets of the municipality belong to the community.
- 4. Any movement on the Budgeted Financial Performance or the Capital Budget will inevitably impact on the Budgeted Financial Position. As an example, the collection rate assumption will impact on the cash position of the municipality and subsequently inform the level of cash and cash equivalents at year end. Similarly, the collection rate assumption should inform the budget appropriation for debt impairment which in turn would impact on the provision for bad debt.

Table 17 Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement

Rhousand   Audited Outcome   Outco	Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			ledium Term R nditure Frame	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES   Receipts	R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Ū	•	Full Year	Pre-audit	•		
Receipts			Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Property rates   25 919   17 489   1   43 322   39 690   39 690   -   49 807   99 574   54 912	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Service charges												
Other revenue	Property rates				1				-			
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational 1 159 992 188 694 240 745 240 436 240 436 240 436 - 266 212 245 603 281 432 Transfers and Subsidies - Capital 1 152 934 139 396 73 290 119 522 119 522 - 101 527 116 924 135 922 Interest	Service charges			35 272	49 707	53 895			-	82 700		
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital 1 152 934 139 396 73 290 119 522 119 522 - 101 527 116 924 135 922 Interest 14 266 21 428 21 428 - 11 799 12 389 13 008 Dividends 21 428 21 428 - 11 799 12 389 13 008 Dividends						7			-			
Interest Dividends	Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	1	159 992		240 745	240 436	240 436	240 436	-	256 212	245 603	281 432
Dividends	Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	152 934	139 396	73 290	119 522	119 522	119 522	-	101 527	116 924	135 922
Payments   Cash From Investing Activities   Cash From Investing	Interest		14 266	-	-	-	21 428	21 428	-	11 799	12 389	13 008
Suppliers and employees	Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Finance charges Transfers and Grants 1 (18 265) - (150)	Payments											
Transfers and Grants 1 (18 265) - (150)	Suppliers and employ ees		(231 600)	(264 386)	(281 152)	(352 344)	(355 362)	(355 362)	-	(370 283)	(389 978)	(409 477)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts  Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables Decrease (increase) in non-current investments Capital assets  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  (138 829) (139 800) (145 577) (125 574) (178 384) (178 384) - (174 314) (184 724) (198 810)  NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Receipts  Short term loans Short	Finance charges		(34)	(8)	(5)	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES   Proceeds on disposal of PPE   823   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	Transfers and Grants	1	(18 265)	-	(150)	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Receipts	NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVIT	IES	169 885	380 633	198 955	125 951	135 164	135 164	ı	140 489	158 623	160 820
Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables Decrease (increase) in non-current investments Decrease (increase) in non-current investmen	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables   (8 627)	Receipts											
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments   375	Proceeds on disposal of PPE		823	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments   375	Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables		(8 627)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Payments	, ,		,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital assets   (138 829)   (139 800)   (145 577)   (125 574)   (178 384)   - (174 314)   (184 724)   (198 810)	, ,		5.5									
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES (146 258) (139 800) (145 577) (125 574) (178 384) - (178 384) - (174 314) (184 724) (198 810)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts  Short term loans	_ ·		(138 829)	(139 800)	(145 577)	(125 574)	(178 384)	(178 384)	_	(174 314)	(184 724)	(198 810)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Short term loans Borrowing long term/refinancing Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits  - 1 180 75 (954) 954 954 - 13 13 13  Payments Repayment of borrowing		S		١ /			,			,	,	· /
Receipts   Short term loans	CASH ELOWS EDOM EINANCING ACTIVITIES		,	, ,	, ,	,	, ,	,		, ,	` ′	,
Short term loans												
Borrowing long term/refinancing				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits												
Payments   Payment of borrowing			_	1 180							13	13
Repayment of borrowing         -	, , ,			1 100	10	(554)	304	304		10	10	10
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES         -         1 180         75         (954)         954         -         13         13         13           NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD         23 628         242 013         53 453         (578)         (42 266)         -         (33 812)         (26 088)         (37 977)           Cash/cash equiv alents at the year begin:         2         48 284         3 972         119 869         132 257         123 997         123 997         -         136 883         117 708         106 990	1 *		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD 2 3 628 242 013 53 453 (578) (42 266) - (33 812) (26 088) (37 977) Cash/cash equiv alents at the year begin: 2 48 284 3 972 119 869 132 257 123 997 - 136 883 117 708 106 990		ES	-	1 180		(954)	954	954	-	13	13	13
Cash/cash equiv alents at the year begin: 2 48 284 3 972 119 869 132 257 123 997 - 136 883 117 708 106 990			23 628	242 013	53 453	` ,	(42 266)	(42 266)	_	(33.812)	(26.088)	(37 977)
	· · ·	2					, ,	, ,			, ,	` ′
Cach/cach equivalents at the year and: \$ 2   74 042   245 085   473 322   434 670   94 734   94 734   402 074   04 620   60 042	Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin.	2	71 912	245 985	173 322	131 679	81 731	81 731		103 071	91 620	69 013

#### **Explanatory notes to Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement**

- 1. The budgeted cash flow statement is the first measurement in determining if the budget is funded.
- 2. It shows the expected level of cash in-flow versus cash out-flow that is likely to result from the implementation of the budget.
- 3. The 2020/21 MTREF has been informed by the planning principle of ensuring adequate cash reserves over the medium-term.
- 4. The estimated surplus for the 2020/21 MTREF is based on enhancing the going concern principle of the municipality, the cash and cash equivalents is estimated at R103 million and R69 million in 2022/23 outer year .

## Explanatory notes to Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			edium Term Revenue & nditure Framework		
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	<b>Budget Year</b>	
Kulousaliu		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23	
Cash and investments available												
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	71 912	245 985	173 322	131 679	81 731	81 731	-	103 071	91 620	69 013	
Other current investments > 90 days		-	(126 116)	(49 324)	(4 546)	(209)	(209)	-	14 637	15 369	16 138	
Non current assets - Investments	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cash and investments available:		71 912	119 869	123 997	127 134	81 522	81 522	-	117 708	106 990	85 151	
Application of cash and investments												
Unspent conditional transfers		4 030	9 821	3 236	10 411	3 236	3 236	-	3 270	(29 653)	3 340	
Unspent borrowing		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Statutory requirements	2											
Other working capital requirements	3	(21 991)	(255 025)	(137 858)	(26 841)	(78 281)	(78 281)	-	(76 296)	(606 326)	(55 128)	
Other provisions												
Long term investments committed	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5											
Total Application of cash and investments:		(17 961)	(245 204)	(134 622)	(16 431)	(75 045)	(75 045)	-	(73 026)	(635 979)	(51 788)	
Surplus(shortfall)		89 873	365 073	258 619	143 565	156 566	156 566	-	190 734	742 969	136 939	

- 1. The cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation is aligned to the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 Funding a Municipal Budget.
- 2. In essence the table evaluates the funding levels of the budget by firstly forecasting the cash and investments at year end and secondly reconciling the available funding to the liabilities/commitments that exist.
- 3. The outcome of this exercise would either be a surplus or deficit. A deficit would indicate that the applications exceed the cash and investments available and would be indicative of non-compliance with the MFMA requirements that the municipality's budget must be "funded".
- 4. Considering the requirements of section 18 of the MFMA, it can be concluded that the tabled 2020/21 MTREF is funded.
- 5. As part of the budgeting and planning guidelines that informed the compilation of the 2020/21 MTREF the end objective of the medium-term framework was to ensure the budget is funded aligned to section 18 of the MFMA.

Table 18 A9 - Asset Management

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	/20		ledium Term R enditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
k thousand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					-	-				
Total New Assets	1	139 948	90 529	111 163	170 154	182 134	182 134	139 235	137 572	149 143
Roads Infrastructure		-	30 888	64 432	44 469	50 659	50 659	27 240	20 127	22 429
Storm water Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	(3 338)	(76 954)	80 727	75 727	75 727	78 091	91 549	98 609
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	-	-	1 500	-	-	1 000	1 100	1 210
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-	-	(1)	530	5 335	5 335	950	1 045	1 150
Infrastructure		-	27 550	(12 522)	127 226	131 721	131 721	107 281	113 821	123 397
Community Facilities		-	104	35 022	1 150	-	-	1 750	1 925	2 118
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	(146)	2 450	13 350	17 250	17 250	5 175	8 880	9 389
Community Assets		-	(42)	37 472	14 500	17 250	17 250	6 925	10 805	11 506
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	80	80	80	_	-	_
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Investment properties		_	_	_	_	_	_			_
Operational Buildings		_	47	(10 195)	17 400	24 828	24 828	16 000	3 300	3 630
Housing		_	_	` _ ′	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other Assets		_	47	(10 195)	17 400	24 828	24 828	16 000	3 300	3 630
Biological or Cultivated Assets		_	_		680	_	_	-	-	-
Serv itudes		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Licences and Rights		139 948	18 395	91 442	_	_	_	209	229	252
Intangible Assets		139 948	18 395	91 442				209	229	252
Computer Equipment		100 010	16 502	16 422	3 419	3 765	3 765	2 100	2 244	2 468
Furniture and Office Equipment		_	3 781	4 825	220	1 160	1 160	540	374	411
		_	2 100	2 384	130	30	30	2 880	3 168	3 485
Machinery and Equipment		_								
Transport Assets		-	22 195	24 904	6 500	3 300	3 300	3 300	3 630	3 993
Land		-	-	(43 568)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Roads Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Storm water Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electrical Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Upgrading of Existing Assets	6	-	505	13 215	8 230	5 250	5 250	35 079	47 152	49 667
Roads Infrastructure		-	-	1 422	4 600	2 250	2 250	32 429	44 237	46 460
Storm water Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	-	463	1 750	1 500	1 500	400	440	484
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	400	440	484
Infrastructure		-	-	1 885	6 350	3 750	3 750	33 229	45 117	47 428
Community Facilities		-	-	-	500	200	200	-	-	-
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	-	-	130	300	300	50	55	61
Community Assets		-	-	-	630	500	500	50	55	61
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Revenue Generating		_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Investment properties				-	-		-		-	-
Operational Buildings		-	_	9	200	-	-	800	880	968
Housing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other Assets		-	_	9	200	_	-	800	880	968
Biological or Cultivated Assets		_	_	_	50	_	_	_	-	-
Servitudes		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Licences and Rights		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intangible Assets										_
_			_		·	_		Ī	1	Ī
Computer Equipment		_	_ [	(1)	_ [	_	_	_	I -	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		_	505	11 322	1 000	1 000	4 000	1 000	4 400	1 210
Machinery and Equipment		_	505		1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 100	1 210
Transport Assets		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cur	rent Year 2019	/20		ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Total Capital Expenditure	4	139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	174 314	184 724	198 810
Roads Infrastructure		-	30 888	65 854	49 069	52 909	52 909	59 669	64 364	68 889
Storm water Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	(3 338)	(76 490)	82 477	77 227	77 227	78 491	91 989	99 093
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	-	-	1 500	-	-	1 400	1 540	1 694
Rail Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coastal Infrastructure		-	-	- (4)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-		(1)	530	5 335	5 335	950	1 045	1 150
Infrastructure		-	27 550	(10 638)	133 576	135 471	135 471	140 510	158 939	170 825
Community Facilities			104	35 022	1 650	200	200	1 750	1 925	2 118
Sport and Recreation Facilities			(146) (42)	2 450 <b>37 472</b>	13 480 <b>15 130</b>	17 550 <b>17 750</b>	17 550 <b>17 750</b>	5 225 <b>6 975</b>	8 935 <b>10 860</b>	9 449 <b>11 567</b>
Community Assets Heritage Assets		-	(42)	31 412	15 130 80	17 750 80	17 750 80	6 9/5	10 860	11 50/
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	80	80	80	_	_	_
Non-revenue Generating		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Investment properties										
Operational Buildings		_	47	(10 186)	17 600	24 828	24 828	16 800	4 180	4 598
Housing		_	-	(10 100)	-	-	-	-	- 100	
Other Assets			47	(10 186)	17 600	24 828	24 828	16 800	4 180	4 598
Biological or Cultivated Assets		_		(.0 .00)	730	-		-	-	-
Serv itudes		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Licences and Rights		139 948	18 395	91 442	_	_	_	209	229	252
Intangible Assets		139 948	18 395	91 442	_	_	<del>-</del>	209	229	252
Computer Equipment		_	16 502	16 422	3 419	3 765	3 765	2 100	2 244	2 468
Furniture and Office Equipment		_	3 781	4 825	220	1 160	1 160	540	374	411
Machinery and Equipment		_	2 606	13 706	1 130	1 030	1 030	3 880	4 268	4 695
Transport Assets		_	22 195	24 904	6 500	3 300	3 300	3 300	3 630	3 993
Land		_	_	(43 568)	_	_	_	_	_	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		_	_	` - '	_	_	-	-	_	-
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE - Asset class		139 948	91 035	124 378	178 384	187 384	187 384	174 314	184 724	198 810
ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV)	5	525 879	671 076	761 825	771 114	749 893	749 893	760 488	769 398	534 815
Roads Infrastructure	3	323 409	459 646	467 117	487 690	438 147	438 147	442 163	445 617	333 243
Storm water Infrastructure		-	(2 282)	(2 282)	(2 419)	(2 282)	(2 282)	778	754	778
Electrical Infrastructure		_	(680)	(816)	75 756	2 984	2 984	4 675	5 236	4 422
Solid Waste Infrastructure		_	-	(360)	-	(360)	(360)	1 613	2 520	1 034
Rail Infrastructure		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Coastal Infrastructure		-		-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-	372	372	924	5 707	5 707	1 325	1 424	1 532
Infrastructure		323 409	457 056	464 030	561 952	444 195	444 195	450 554	455 551	341 009
Community Assets		74 814	81 938	125 421	89 054	125 571	125 571	128 435	129 941	123 998
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	80	80	80	-	-	-
Investment properties		21 614	20 020	35 575	21 221	35 575	35 575	35 947	36 324	36 705
Other Assets		33 209	39 100	(6 024)	41 746	(6 097)	(6 097)	70 772	71 568	(14 438)
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	-	- '	-	` _ ′	- '	_	-	-
Intangible Assets		421	1 621	413	1 719	413	413	326	336	324
Computer Equipment		_	(837)	16 273	2 506	19 963	19 963	18 041	18 333	(891)
Furniture and Office Equipment		_	(1 123)	14 117	(1 045)	15 192	15 192	14 283	14 239	8 087
Machinery and Equipment		_	29	1 461	(30 287)	1 491	1 491	4 206	4 502	4 097
Transport Assets		_	(1 433)	13 703	4 981	16 653	16 653	16 847	17 307	14 589
Land		72 412	74 704	96 856	79 187	96 856	96 856	21 076	21 297	21 335
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
TOTAL ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV)	5	525 879	671 076	761 825	771 114	749 893	749 893	760 488	769 398	534 815

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	/20		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	<b>Budget Year</b>	<b>Budget Year</b>	<b>Budget Year</b>
R thousand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		32 720	51 468	49 619	54 465	53 599	53 599	55 203	58 037	60 938
<u>Depreciation</u>	7	32 720	51 771	54 995	30 448	30 448	30 448	33 110	34 766	36 504
Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Class	3	-	(303)	(5 376)	24 017	23 151	23 151	22 093	23 271	24 435
Roads Infrastructure		_	(161)	(2 658)	5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715
Storm water Infrastructure		-	- '		_	_	_	_	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Supply Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sanitation Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Solid Waste Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rail Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Coastal Infrastructure		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure	1 1		(161)	(2 658)	5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715
Community Facilities		-	104	(1)	750	785	785	1 180	1 239	1 301
Sport and Recreation Facilities		_	_	_	12 750	11 894	11 894	9 050	9 503	9 978
Community Assets	1 1	-	104	(1)	13 500	12 679	12 679	10 230	10 742	11 279
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Revenue Generating		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Investment properties	ll				_	_		_	_	_
Operational Buildings		-	(232)	(3 223)	3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334
Housing		-	· - '		-	-	-	_	-	-
Other Assets	1 1	_	(232)	(3 223)	3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	. – .		-	_	-	_	-	-
Servitudes		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Licences and Rights		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Intangible Assets	ll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer Equipment		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Machinery and Equipment		-	(14)	505	1 550	2 375	2 375	1 225	1 286	1 351
Transport Assets		_		_	_	_	_	2 430	2 625	2 756
Land		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	- 320	
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		32 720	51 468	49 619	54 465	53 599	53 599	55 203	58 037	60 938
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER TIEMS	Н	32 120	31 408	49 019	34 403	JJ J99	JJ 199	JJ 203	30 037	00 938
Renewal and upgrading of Existing Assets as % of total capex		0.0%	0.6%	10.6%	4.6%	2.8%	2.8%	20.1%	25.5%	25.0%
Renewal and upgrading of Existing Assets as % of deprecn		0.0%	1.0%	24.0%	27.0%	17.2%	17.2%	105.9%	135.6%	136.1%
R&M as a % of PPE		0.0%	0.0%	-0.6%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.0%	2.1%	2.8%
Renewal and upgrading and R&M as a % of PPE		0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	8.0%	9.0%	14.0%

### **Explanatory notes to Table A9 - Asset Management**

- 1. Table A9 provides an overview of municipal capital allocations to building new assets and the renewal of existing assets, as well as spending on repairs and maintenance by asset class.
- 2. National Treasury has recommended that municipalities should allocate at least 40 per cent of their capital budget to the renewal of existing assets, and allocations to repairs and maintenance should be 9 per cent of PPE.

#### Table 19 MBRR Table A10 - Basic Service Delivery Measurement

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	/20		edium Term R nditure Frame	
Description	IXCI	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Total cost of FBS provided		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highest level of free service provided per household Property rates (R value threshold)		55 000	55 000	55 000	65 000	65 000	65 000	65 000	65 000	65 000
Water (kilolitres per household per month) Sanitation (kilolitres per household per month) Sanitation (Rand per household per month)		- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Electricity (kwh per household per month) Refuse (average litres per week)		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Revenue cost of subsidised services provided (R'000)	9									
Property rates (tariff adjustment) (impermissable values per section 17 of MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in					19 274			17 954	18 852	19 794
excess of section 17 of MPRA)  Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)		-	- -	-	-	- -	- -		-	- -
Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent households) Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50 kwh per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent households)  Municipal Housing - rental rebates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing - top structure subsidies Other	6									
Total revenue cost of subsidised services provided				_	19 274	_	_	17 954	18 852	19 794

#### **Explanatory notes to Table A10 - Basic Service Delivery Measurement**

- 1. Table A10 provides an overview of service delivery levels, including backlogs (below minimum service level), for each of the main services.
- 2. The budget provides for 17000 households to be registered as indigent in 2020/21, and therefore entitled to receiving Free Basic Services. The number is to be maintained at 19 000 households given the rapid rate of in-migration to the Municipality, especially by poor people seeking economic opportunities.
- 3. It is anticipated that these Free Basic Services will cost the municipality R17 million in 2020/21, increasing to R19 million in 2020/20. This is covered by the municipality's equitable share allocation from national government.

## 2 Part 2 - Supporting Documentation

#### 2.1 Overview of the annual budget process

- 1. The process followed in compiling the 2020/21 Budget can be summarised as follows:
- a) Council Adopted a Budget Timetable in August 2019.
- The Budget & Finance Standing Committee Compiled Budget Assumptions and recommended same to Council for adoption. During this meeting the Budget, Tariff, Rates, Indigent and SCM Policies were reviewed.;
- c) The CFO presented the Budget Assumptions and Guideline to the General Manager in October 2019;
- d) On the 14th- 17th April 2020, accompanied by the Chief financial officer, I tabled the draft budget for 2020/21-2022/23 to the community of Matatiele through the local community radio stations, The voice of Matat and Alfred Nzo Community Radio. The comments received have been taken into account on this final budget.

#### 2.2 Overview of alignment of annual budget with IDP

The development of the IDP of 2018-2022 and the 2020/21 Budget Compilation were done simultaneously. During the Community Participation Process IDP priorities and the implications it will have on the current and future budgets were discussed. Community input in this regard was invited and included in both the IDP and the 2020/2021 Budget. Only capital items listed in the IDP was included in the Budget, funds permitting.

The Municipal Departments are aligned with the 5 Local Government Key Performance Areas. The Department's strategies are therefore linked to the 5 KRA's Details of the Budgets allocated to the various departments are reflected in schedules SA4-6.

The Departmental SDBIP contains projects and programmes listed in the IDP. The General Manager's performances plan is linked to the Departmental SDBIP.

The SDBIP marries the Performance Management System with the budget and the IDP. Thus the strategic Direction mapped out in the IDP is matched with financial resources and delivery of services as specified in the PMS.

The SDBIP allows the budget to be implemented fully as it identifies:

- The Strategic Imperative Through link with the IDP.
- The Financial Imperative Through links with the Budget
- The Performance Imperative Through links to the PMS

The Constitution mandates local government with the responsibility to exercise local developmental and cooperative governance. The eradication of imbalances in South Africa society can only be realised through a credible integrated developmental planning process.

Municipalities in South Africa need to utilise integrated development planning as a method to plan future development in their areas and so find the best solutions to achieve sound long-term development goals. A Municipal IDP provides a five year strategic programme of action aimed at setting short, medium and long term strategic and budget priorities to create a development platform, which correlates with the term of office of the political incumbents. The plan aligns the resources and the capacity of a municipality to its overall development aims and guides the municipal budget. An IDP is therefore a key instrument which municipalities use to provide vision, leadership and direction to all those that have a role to play in the development of a municipal area. The IDP enables municipalities to make the best use of scarce resources and speed up service delivery.

Integrated developmental planning in the South African context is amongst other, an approach to planning aimed at involving the municipality and the community to jointly find the best solutions towards sustainable development. Furthermore, integrated development planning provides a strategic environment for managing and guiding all planning, development and decision making in the municipality.

It is important that the IDP developed by municipalities correlate with Nation and Provincial intent. It must aim to co-ordinate the work of local and other spheres of government in a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in that area. Applied to the City, issues of national and provincial importance should be reflected in the IDP of the municipality. A clear understanding of such intent is therefore imperative to ensure that the City strategically complies with the key national and provincial priorities.

The aim of the revision cycle was develop and coordinate a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in the area, also reflecting issues of national and provincial importance. One of the key objectives is therefore to ensure that there exists alignment between national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies and the City's response to these requirements.

The national and provision priorities, policies

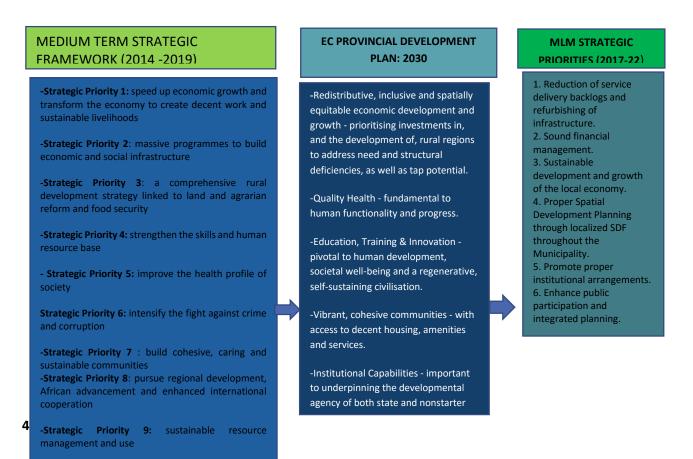
- Green Paper on National Strategic
- Government Programme of Action
- Development Facilitation Act of
- Provincial Growth and Development
- National and Provincial Spatial Development Perspectives;
- Relevant Sector plans such as transportation, Legislation and policy;
- National Key Performance Indicators (NKPI's);
- Accelerated and Shared Growth
- National Spatial Development

-Strategic Priority 10: Build a developmental state,

The National Priority Outcomes

The Constitution requires local government to relate its management, budgeting and planning functions to its objectives. This gives a clear indication of the intended purposes of municipal integrated development planning. Legislation stipulates clearly that a municipality must not only give effect to its IDP, but must also conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with its IDP. The following table highlights the IDP's five strategic objectives for the 2016/2017 MTREF and further planning refinements that have directly informed the compilation of the budget:

#### **IDP Strategic Objectives**



In order to ensure integrated and focused service delivery between all spheres of government it was important for the city to align its budget with that of national and provincial government. All spheres of government place a high priority on infrastructure development and job creation, efficient service delivery, poverty alleviation and building sound institutional arrangements. Local priorities were identified as part of the IDP review process which is directly aligned to that of the national and provincial priorities. The key performance areas can be summarised as follows against the five strategic objectives:

- 1. Provision of quality basic service and infrastructure which includes, amongst others:
  - Provide Electricity
  - Provide Water
  - Provide Sanitation
  - Provide Waste Removal
  - Provide Housing
  - Provide Roads and Storm Water
  - Provide Public Transport
  - · Provide City Planning Service; and
  - Maintaining the Infrastructure of the municipality
- 2. Economic growth and development that leads to sustainable job creation by:
  - Ensuring there is a clear structural plan for the municipality;
  - Ensuring planning processes function in accordance with set timeframes;
  - Facilitating the use of labour intensive approaches in the delivery of services and the building of infrastructure.
- 3. Fight poverty and build clean, healthy, safe and sustainable communities:
  - Effective implementation of the Indigent Policy;
  - Working with the Provincial Department of Health to provide primary health care services:
  - Extending waste removal services and ensuring effective city cleansing;
  - Ensuring safe working environments by effective enforcement of building and health regulations;
  - Promote viable, sustainable communities through proper zoning; and
  - Promote environmental sustainability by protecting wetlands and key open spaces.
- 3.1 Integrated Social Services for empowered and sustained communities
  - Work with Provincial Departments to ensure the development of community infrastructure such as schools and clinics is properly co-ordinated with the informal settlements upgrade programme
- 4. Foster participatory democracy and Batho Pele principles through a caring, accessible and accountable service by:
  - Optimising effective community participation in the ward committee system; and

- Implementing Batho Pele in the Revenue Management Strategy.
- 5.1 Promote sound governance through:
  - Publishing the outcomes of all tender processes on the municipal website
- 5.2 Ensure financial sustainability through:
  - Reviewing the use of contracted services
  - Continuing to implement the infrastructure renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan
- 4.3 Optimal institutional transformation to ensure capacity to achieve set objectives
  - Review of the organizational structure to optimize the use of personal;

In line with the MSA, the IDP constitutes a single, inclusive strategic plan for the City. The five-year programme responds to the development challenges and opportunities faced by the City by identifying the key performance areas to achieve the five strategic objectives mentioned above.

In addition to the five-year IDP, the City undertakes an extensive planning and developmental strategy which primarily focuses on a longer-term horizon; 15 to 20 years. This process is aimed at influencing the development path by proposing a substantial programme of public-led investment to restructure current patterns of settlement, activity and access to resources in the City so as to promote greater equity and enhanced opportunity. The strategy specifically targets future developmental opportunities in traditional dormitory settlements. It provides direction to the City's IDP, associated scrotal plans and strategies, and the allocation of resources of the City and other service delivery partners.

This development strategy introduces important policy shifts which have further been translated into seven strategic focus areas/objectives as outlined below:

- Developing dormant areas;
- Enforcing hard development lines so as to direct private investment;
- · Maintaining existing urban areas;
- Strengthening key economic clusters;
- Building Social cohesion;
- Strong developmental initiatives in relation to the municipal institution as a whole;
   and
- Sound financial fundamentals

Lessons learned with Previous IDP revision planning cycles as well as changing environments were taken into consideration in the compilation for the fourth revised IDP, including;

- Strengthening the analysis and strategic planning processes of the City;
- Initiating zoned planning processes that involve the communities in the analysis and planning processes. More emphasis was placed on area based interventions, within the overall holistic framework;
- Ensuring better coordination through a programmatic approach and attempting to focus the budgeting process through planning interventions; and
- Strengthening performance management and monitoring systems in ensuring the objectives and deliverables are achieved.

# Table 20 MBRR Table SA4 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted revenue

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	0/20	2020/21 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
				Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	
R thousand				Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23	
To improve revenue	Financially viable institution			423 491	432 537	476 814	505 352	515 870	515 870	505 396	554 440	584 448	
enhancement through	that is sustainable and												
broadening revenue base and	complies with statutes												
improving revenue collection													
To promote safer, informed	Realize sustainable			-	-	-	-	-	-	4 525	4 751	4 988	
and secure communities	communities in a safe and												
	Healthy environment												
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Allocations to other prioriti			2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			4	400 404	420 527	470 044	505.250	E4E 070	545.070	500 004	EE0 404	500 427	
	ocations to other priorities al Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contribution)		1	423 491	432 537	476 814	505 352	515 870	515 870	509 921	559 191	589 43	

Table 20MBRR Table SA5 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted operating expenditure

Strategic Objective	Goal Code	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cu	rrent Year 2019	9/20		ledium Term R Inditure Frame	
		110.	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	1 -
R thousand			Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
.To Support the development			-	-	-	-	-	-	11 168	11 726	12 313
of SMME to participate in a											
diversified and growing											
To build a healthy competent			-	-	-	-	-	-	358 880	373 931	392 628
and effective workforce											
To ensure full compliance with			_	_	_	_	_	-	490	515	540
legislative requirements of											
MFMA MPRA and financial											
To improve the provision			_	_	_	_	-	-	12	13	13
basic services to rural and											
urban communities in the											
To maintain municipal			_	_	_	_	_	_	19 800	21 336	22 403
infrastructure and public									10 000	21 000	22 100
amenities											
To promote a coherent and									3 220	3 675	3 859
interactive communication and			_	-	_	_	-	-	3 220	3 0/3	3 008
participation with customers											
To Provide Land for			-	-	-	-	-	-	4 670	5 219	5 479
Residential Commercial and											
Industrial Dev elopment											
To Strengthen integrated			-	-	-	-	-	-	10 153	13 580	14 259
planning performance											
monitoring and evaluation of											
			283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	-	-	-
	***************************************										
Allocations to other prioritie	S										
Total Expenditure		1	283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	408 393	429 994	451 494

### 2.3 Measurable performance objectives and indicators

Performance Management is a system intended to manage and monitor service delivery progress against the identified strategic objectives and priorities. In accordance with legislative requirements and good business practices as informed by the National Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, the Municipality has developed and implemented a performance management system of which system is constantly refined as the integrated planning process unfolds. The Municipality targets, monitors, assess and reviews organisational performance which in turn is directly linked to individual employee's performance.

At any given time within government, information from multiple years is being considered; plans and budgets for next year; implementation for the current year; and reporting on last year's performance. Although performance information is reported publicly during the last stage, the performance information process begins when policies are being developed, and continues through each of the planning, budgeting, implementation and reporting stages. The planning, budgeting and reporting cycle can be graphically illustrated as follows:

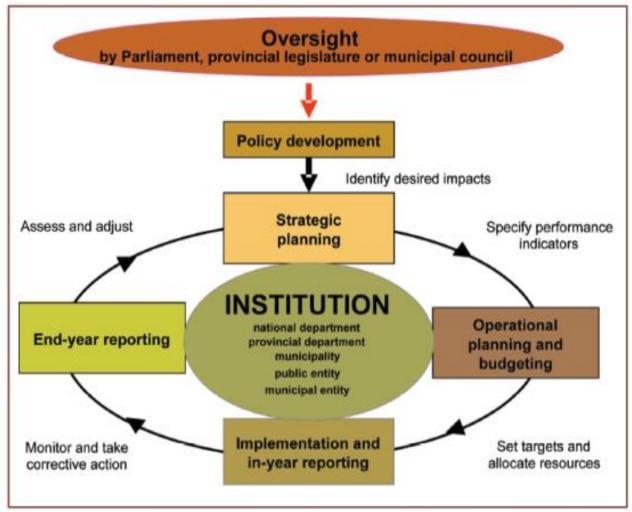


Figure 5 Planning, Budgeting and Reporting Cycle

The performance of the Municipality relates directly to the extent to which it has achieves success in realising its goals and objectives, complied with legislative requirements and meeting stakeholder expectations. The Municipality therefore has adopted one integrated performance management system which encompasses:

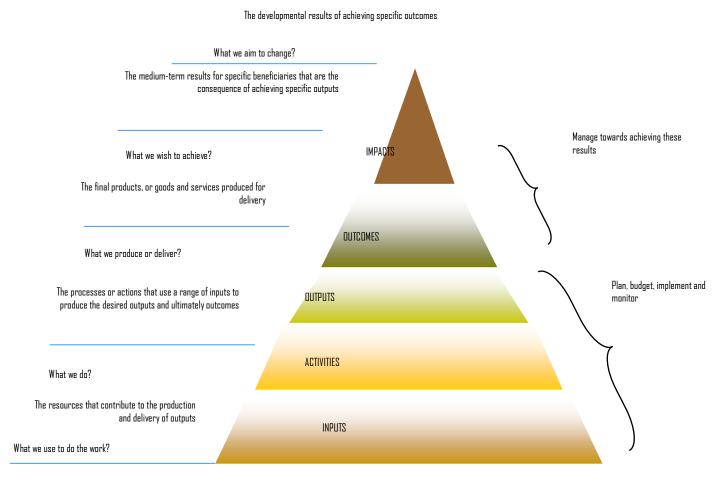
- Planning (setting goals, objectives, targets and benchmarks);
- Monitoring (regular monitor and checking on the progress against plan);
- Measurement (indicators of success)
- Review (identifying areas requiring change and improvement);
- Reporting (what information, to whom, from whom, how often and for what purpose); and

Improvement (marking changes where necessary)

The performance information concepts used by the Municipality in its integrated performance management system are aligned to the Framework of Managing Programme Performance Information issued by the National Treasury:

#### Figure 6 Definition of performance information concepts

The following table provides the main measurable performance objectives the municipality undertakes to achieve this financial year.



#### Figure 6 Definition of performance information concepts

The following table provides the main measurable performance objectives the municipality undertakes to achieve this financial year.

**Table 21MBRR Table SA8 - Performance indicators and benchmarks** 

		2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Y	ear 2019/20		1	edium Term F nditure Frame	
Description of financial indicator	Basis of calculation	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Borrowing Management											
Credit Rating											
Capital Charges to Operating Expenditure	Interest & Principal Paid /Operating	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Ex penditure										
Capital Charges to Own Revenue	Finance charges & Repayment of	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Borrowed funding of 'own' capital expenditure	borrowing /Own Revenue Borrowing/Capital expenditure excl. transfers and grants and contributions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Safety of Capital											
Gearing	Long Term Borrowing/ Funds & Reserves	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<u>Liquidity</u>											
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities Current assets less debtors > 90	3.2 3.2	2.3 2.3	2.7 2.7	5.6 5.6	2.4 2.4	2.4 2.4	-	2.4	10.1 10.1	2.0 2.0
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	day s/current liabilities	3.2	2.3	2.1	5.0	2.4	2.4	_	2.4	10.1	2.0
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities	1.7	1.3	1.3	3.4	0.8	0.8	_	1.2	1.6	0.9
Revenue Management				L							
Annual Debtors Collection Rate (Payment Level %)	Last 12 Mths Receipts/Last 12 Mths Billing		87.1%	63.1%	47.6%	86.7%	90.0%	90.0%	0.0%	113.2%	130.4%
Current Debtors Collection Rate (Cash	Ű	97.6%	63.1%	47.6%	86.7%	90.0%	90.0%	0.0%	113.2%	130.4%	97.8%
receipts % of Ratepay er & Other revenue)											
Outstanding Debtors to Revenue	Total Outstanding Debtors to Annual Revenue	21.0%	31.3%	36.0%	21.2%	37.3%	37.3%	0.0%	27.9%	128.1%	22.0%
Longstanding Debtors Recovered	Debtors > 12 Mths Recovered/Total Debtors > 12 Months Old										
Creditors Management											
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms										
Creditors to Cash and Investments	(within`MFMA' s 65(e))	32.0%	18.4%	23.2%	35.6%	49.2%	49.2%	0.0%	39.4%	44.8%	50.1%
Other Indicators											
	Total Volume Losses (kW)										
	Total Cost of Losses (Rand '000)										
Electricity Distribution Losses (2)	% Volume (units purchased and										
	generated less units sold)/units										
	purchased and generated										
	Total Volume Losses (k²)										
	Total Cost of Losses (Rand '000)										
Water Distribution Losses (2)	% Volume (units purchased and										
	generated less units sold)/units										
	purchased and generated										
Employ ee costs	Employee costs/(Total Revenue - capital	30.9%	33.0%	29.5%	31.1%	31.6%	31.6%	0.0%	30.7%	30.5%	30.4%
Remuneration	revenue) Total remuneration/(Total Revenue -	35.4%	39.2%	34.8%	36.9%	37.5%	37.5%		35.9%	35.5%	35.5%
Repairs & Maintenance	capital revenue) R&M/(Total Revenue excluding capital	0.0%	-0.1%	-1.5%	6.2%	6.0%	6.0%		5.4%	5.4%	5.4%
Finance charges & Depreciation	revenue) FC&D/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	11.7%	17.0%	14.9%	7.8%	7.9%	7.9%	0.0%	8.1%	8.1%	8.0%
IDP regulation financial viability indicators	,										
Togulation infancial Viability indicators											
i. Debt cov erage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service payments due	-	-	=	6.8	6.8	6.8	-	12.3	12.6	13.2
ii.O/S Service Debtors to Revenue	within financial year) Total outstanding service debtors/annual	70.7%	112.2%	126.2%	72.4%	127.9%	127.9%	0.0%	96.9%	434.3%	74.7%
	revenue received for services										
iii. Cost coverage	(Available cash + Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure	3.9	12.3	8.0	5.0	3.1	3.1	_	3.7	3.2	2.3

#### 2.3.1 Performance indicators and benchmarks

#### 2.3.1.1 Borrowing Management

Capital expenditure in local government can be funded by capital grants, own-source revenue and long term borrowing. The ability of a municipality to raise long term borrowing is largely dependent on its creditworthiness and financial position. As with all other municipalities, Matatiele Local Municipality's borrowing strategy is primarily informed by the affordability of debt repayment. The structure of the Municipality's debt portfolio is dominated by annuity loans.

In summary, various financial risks could have a negative impact on the future borrowing capacity of the municipality. In particular, the continued ability of the Municipality to meets its revenue targets and ensure its forecasted cash flow targets are achieved will be critical in meeting the repayments of the debt service costs.

#### 2.3.1.2 Safety of Capital

- The debt-to-equity ratio is a financial ratio indicating the relative proportion of equity and debt used in financing the municipality's assets.
- The gearing ratio is a measure of the total long term borrowings over funds and reserves.

#### 2.3.1.3 Liquidity

- Current ratio is a measure of the current assets divided by the current liabilities and as a
  benchmark the Municipality has set a limit of 1, hence at no point in time should this ratio
  be less than 1. For the 2020/21 MTREF the current ratio is 1.4 in the 2020/21 financial
  year and 1.3 for the two outer years of the MTREF. Going forward it will be necessary to
  maintain these levels.
- The liquidity ratio is a measure of the ability of the municipality to utilize cash and cash equivalents to extinguish or retire its current liabilities immediately.

#### 2.3.1.4 Revenue Management

 As part of the financial sustainability strategy, an aggressive revenue management framework has been implemented to increase cash inflow, not only from current billings but also from debtors that are in arrears in excess of 90 days. The intention of the strategy is to streamline the revenue value chain by ensuring accurate billing, customer service, and credit control and debt collection.

#### 2.3.1.5 Creditors Management

• The Municipality has managed to ensure that creditors are settled within the legislated 30 days of invoice. While the liquidity ratio is of concern, by applying daily cash flow management the municipality has managed to ensure a 100 per cent compliance rate to this legislative obligation. This has had a favourable impact on suppliers' perceptions of risk of doing business with the Municipality, which is expected to benefit the Municipality in the form of more competitive pricing of tenders, as suppliers compete for the Municipality's business.

#### 2.3.1.6 Other Indicators

- Employee costs as a percentage of operating revenue continues to increase over the MTREF.
- Similar to that of employee costs, repairs and maintenance as percentage of operating revenue is also decreasing owing directly to cost drivers such as bulk purchases increasing far above inflation. In real terms, repairs and maintenance has increased as part of the Municipality's strategy to ensure the management of its asset base.

#### 2.3.2 Free Basic Services: basic social services package for indigent households

The social package assists residents that have difficulty paying for services and are registered as indigent households in terms of the Indigent Policy of the Municipality. With the exception of water, only registered indigents qualify for the free basic services.

For the 2020/21 financial year 19 000 registered indigents have been provided for in the budget with this figured increasing to 21 000 by 2022/23. In terms of the Municipality's indigent policy registered households are entitled to 50 kWh of electricity and free waste removal as well as a discount on their property rates.

Further detail relating to the number of households receiving free basic services, the cost of free basic services, highest level of free basic services as well as the revenue cost associated with the free basic services is contained in Table 27 MBRR A10 (Basic Service Delivery Measurement) on page 52.

Note that the number of households in informal areas that receive free services and the cost of these services (e.g. the provision of water through stand pipes, water tankers, etc) are not taken into account in the table noted above.

### 2.4 OVERVIEW OF BUDGET RALATED POLICIES

As listed hereunder are all the policies that are current adopted by Council

- 1.1. Appointment of consultant's policy,
- 1.2. Banking and investments policy,
- 1.3. Budget policy,
- 1.4. Cash management policy,
- 1.5. Cash shortage policy,
- 1.6. Credit control and debt collection policy,
- 1.7. Cost containment policy,
- 1.8. Customer care policy,
- 1.9. Customer incentive scheme policy,
- 1.10. Data backup policy,
- 1.11. Debt capacity policy,
- 1.12. Donor finance policy,
- 1.13. Electricity token policy,
- 1.14. Entertainment & refreshments policy,
- 1.15. Unclaimed deposits policy,
- 1.16. Fraud prevention plan 2020-21,
- 1.17. Gifts policy for officials,
- 1.18. Grants & donation policy,
- 1.19. GRAP framework policy,
- 1.20. Impairment and write off policy,
- 1.21. Cash-up Policy,
- 1.22. Fixed Assets Policy,
- 1.23. Payment Policy,
- 1.24. Petty Cash Policy,
- 1.25. Rates Policy,
- 1.26. Special Services Policy,
- 1.27. Strategy to improve Debtor policy,
- 1.28. Supply Chain Management Policy,
- 1.29. Tariff Policy,
- 1.30. Use of Credit Card Policy and
- 1.31. Virement Policy.
- 1.32. Infrastructure procurement and delivery management policy.
- 1.33. Amended Indigent Policy of 2020/21

#### **Overview of Budget Assumptions**

Arising from the above Overview of Economic Analysis, the following Budget Assumptions were made and are affected in the 2020/21 budget:

- Estimate Salary Increases
- 2020/21 6.25%
- 2021/22 7%
- 2022/23 7%
- Debt Impairment: the overall collection levels are estimate around 85% overall for the MLM.

Payment levels for the following revenue streams have been estimated as follows:

- Property Rates (85% in 2020/21)
- Electricity (85% in 2020/21)
- Refuse (85% in 2020/21)
- Other expenditure: In order to accommodate the increases in salaries, bulk purchases, debt
  - Impairment and depreciation, it means that all other expenditure will increase at a reduced rate or maintained at the current levels;
- Matatiele Local Municipality will continue with its current powers and functions;
- The Budget is based on current service levels.
- ♣ Government grants for the years 2020/21- 2022/23 are as per the Division of Revenue Act, assuming that all allocations will be received;
- ♣ Growth in staff related costs has been provided for in the budget at 6.25% per annum, growth in the remaining expense items range from 0% to 10%;
- Provision has been made for tariff increases relating to services at an average rate of 5% per annum; and

#### 2.6 Overview of budget funding

#### 2.6.1 Medium-term outlook: operating revenue

The following table is a breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term:

#### Table 1 Breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term

Tariff setting plays a major role in ensuring desired levels of revenue. Getting tariffs right assists in the compilation of a credible and funded budget. The Municipality derives most of its operational revenue from the provision of goods and services such as electricity and solid waste removal. Property rates, operating and capital grants from organs of state and other minor charges (such as building plan fees, licenses and permits etc).

- The revenue strategy is a function of key components such as:
- Growth in the municipality and economic development;
- Revenue management and enhancement;
- Achievement of a 85 per cent annual collection rate for consumer revenue;
- National Treasury guidelines;
- Electricity tariff increases within the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) approval;
- Achievement of full cost recovery of specific user charges;
- Determining tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating revenue requirements;
- The Property Rates Policy in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA), and the ability to extend new services and obtain cost recovery levels.

The above principles guide the annual increase in the tariffs charged to the consumers and the ratepayers aligned to the economic forecasts.

The tariff increases for the 2020/21 MTREF on the different revenue categories are:

### Proposed tariff increases over the medium-term- solid waste removal

DESCRIPTION		CURRENT TARIFF VAT EXCLUDED 2019/2020	Increase for 2020/2021	2020/20 ( Effective	)21 from 1
REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES					
Domestic Removals					
Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.	R	132.56	5%	R	139.19
Commercial Removals  Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.	R	198.83	5%	R	208.77
In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.	R	198.83	5%	R	208.77
Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.					
Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises					
Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats shall be regarded as separately occupied buildings, and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.					
Availability Charge					
A availability fee , is charged to any vacant commercial erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.	R	224.70	5%	R	235.94
A availability fee , is charged to any vacant domestic erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.	R	112.35	5%	R	117.97
	REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES  Domestic Removals  Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.  Commercial Removals  Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.  In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.  Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.  Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises  Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats shall be regarded as separately occupied buildings, and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.  Availability Charge  A availability fee , is charged to any vacant commercial erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.  A availability fee , is charged to any vacant domestic erven located	REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES  Domestic Removals  Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.  Commercial Removals  Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.  In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.  Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.  Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises  Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats shall be regarded as separately occupied buildings, and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.  Availability Charge  A availability fee, is charged to any vacant commercial erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.	TARIFF VAT EXCLUDED 2019/2020  REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES  Domestic Removals  Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.  Commercial Removals  Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.  In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.  Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.  Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises  Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats shall be regarded as separately occupied buildings, and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.  Availability Charge  A availability fee , is charged to any vacant commercial erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.  A availability fee , is charged to any vacant domestic erven located  R 112 35	REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES  Domestic Removals  Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.  Commercial Removals  Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.  In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.  In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.  Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.  Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises  Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats shall be regarded as separately occupied buildings, and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.  Availability Charge  A availability fee, is charged to any vacant commercial erven located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.  R 224.70 5%	TARIFF VAT EXCLUDED 2019/2020 Increase for 2020/2021 (Effective July 2020)  REFUSE REMOVAL CHARGES   Domestic Removals  Every owner or occupier of premises from which refuse is removed twice weekly shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month.  Commercial Removals  Each individual/separate business shall be charged a basic service charge per month.  In addition to 1.2 every owner or occupier of business premises from which refuse is removed, shall pay the Council a fee of per bag per month, removal twice weekly.  Provided that Council may at any time conclude separate agreements with commercial users who require that refuse be removed more than twice a week. The above tariff shall be the applicable tariff.  Removal from Separate Consumers on same Premises  Where refuse is removed from shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and dwellings or flats situated on the same premises such shops and the charges for the removal of refuse shall be as prescribed in applicable scales.  Availability Charge  A availability fee, is charged to any vacant commercial even located in the town areas of Cedarville, Matatiele and Maluti.  A availability fee, is charged to any vacant domestic even located  B. 112.35

### Proposed tariff increases over the medium-term- Electricity

	DESCRIPTION	T/ E	CURRENT ARIFF VAT XCLUDED 2019/2020	Increase for 2020/2021	( Eff	EW TARIFF 2020/2021 ective from 1 July 2020 )
	Scale 1: Domestic Consumers					
	Basic charge, single or three phase per household per month. Plus the following kWh charges per month.	R	434.53	6.22%	R	461.56
	0-50	R	0.96	6.22%	R	1.02
	51-350	R	1.25	6.22%		1.33
	351-600	R	1.77	6.22%		1.88
	600 over	R	2.12	6.22%		2.25
	Scale 2: Commercial & Other Consumers					
	Basic charge of consumers with the following kVA installed per month					
	0 - 25 KVA	R	481.86	6.22%	R	511.83
	Commercial unit charge:	R	1.89	6.22%	R	2.01
	26 - 64 KVA	R	1 796.28	6.22%	R	1 908.01
	Commercial unit charge:	R	1.92	6.22%	R	2.04
	65 KVA and more	R	10 510.43	6.22%		11 164.18
	Commercial unit charge:	R	1.92	6.22%	R	2.04
(c)	Scale 3: Pre-Paid Metre Units					
	Domestic:					
	That a flat rate per kWh					
	0-50	R	0.95	6.22%	R	1.01
	51-350	R	1.24	6.22%	R	1.32
	351-600	R	1.76	6.22%	R	1.87
	600 over	R	2.11	6.22%	R	2.25
	Commercial Prepaid					
	That a flat rate per kWh					
	0 - 2000 kWh	R	1.92	6.22%	R	2.04
(d)	Scale 4: Schools/School Hostels					
	"Schools defined as the majority of its Teachers paid for by the					
	Government or State Education Department."					
	Basic Charges per month,	R	346.66	6.22%	R	368.22
	Plus the following charger per kWh per month	R	-			
	0 - 2000 kWh	R	1.30	6.22%	R	1.39
	2000 - and more	R	1.30	6.22%		1.39

#### Table 2MBRR SA16 - Investment particulars by maturity

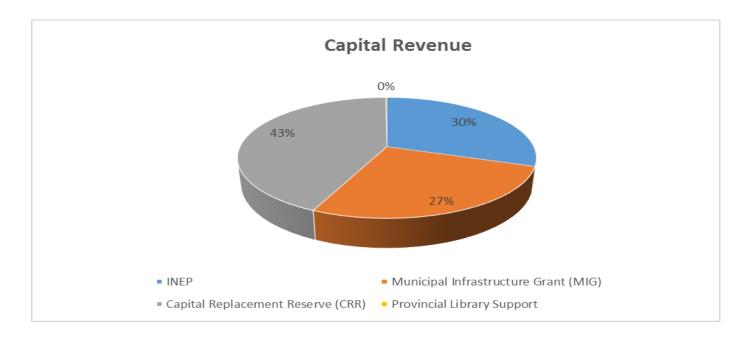
Investments by Maturity	Ref	Period of Investment	Type of Investment	Capital Guarantee (Yes/ No)	Variable or Fixed interest rate	Interest Rate <sup>3</sup>	Commission Paid (Rands)	Commission Recipient	Expiry date of investment	Opening balance	Interest to be realised	Partial / Premature Withdrawal (4)	Investment Top Up	Closing Balance
Name of institution & investment ID	1	Yrs/Months												
Parent municipality														
CALL ACC STD CALL ACC STD CALL ACC FNB NEDBANK 32 DAY CALL NEDBANK MIS ACC NEDBANK MIS ACC NEDBANK MIS ACC NEDBANK MIS ACC NEDBANK SINARTISTIO NEDBANK MIS OF PLANT NEDBANK LECTRIFICATION FNB STABLISHMENT PLAN FNB HOUSING DEV FUND FNB TOURISM		DAILY DAILY DAILY 32 DAY DAILY	CALL CALL MONEY MARKET 32 DAY DALY CALL MONEY MARKET MONEY MARKET	YES	5% 5% 5% 7% 6% 6% 6% 6% 5% 5% 5%		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			24 106 10 150 6 805 5 605 16 055 20 004 17 936 5 506 5 507 49 9 5 111 245 50 011	108 40 30 33 321 215 105 38 27 0 27 1 1 305	(10 027 393.97) (786 972.50) (5 732 240.18)	215 105	-
Municipality sub-total	1									166 848		(16 547)	21 260	
Entitles														- - - - -
Entities sub-total	1									-		-	-	-
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AND INTEREST	1									166 848		(16 547)	21 260	-

### 2.6.2 Medium-term outlook: capital revenue

The following table is a breakdown of the funding composition of the 2020/21 medium-term capital programme: Sources of capital revenue for the 2020/21 financial year

FUNDING OF CAPITAL BUDGET	2020/21
INEP	
IIVLF	R 52 591 000
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	R 46 489 200
Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)	2 74 272 524
	R 74 973 504
Provincial Library Support	R260 000
	174 313 696
TOTAL	

The above table is graphically represented as follows for the 2020/21 financial year.



The Municipality's capital reserves fund the major part of the municipal capital expenditure.

The following table is of the Municipality's borrowing liability, which is not applicable for the 2020/21 as we have no long term debt

## Table 3MBRR Table SA 17 - Detail of borrowings

Borrowing - Categorised by type	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	)/20		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
T aloudand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Parent municipality										
Annuity and Bullet Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local registered stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instalment Credit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Leases		-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
PPP liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Supplier		_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Marketable Bonds		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Marketable Bonds		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bankers Acceptances		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Financial derivatives		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other Securities		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Municipality sub-total	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
municipality sub-total										
Total Borrowing	1	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Total Borrowing	8 ' 3									
Unspent Borrowing - Categorised by type										
Parent municipality										
Long-Term Loans (annuity/reducing balance)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local registered stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instalment Credit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Leases		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PPP liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Supplier Marketable Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Marketable Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bankers Acceptances		_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_
Financial derivatives		_			_	_	_	_	_	_
Other Securities		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Municipality sub-total	1	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Total Unspent Borrowing	1		-	-	-	-	-		-	-

Table 41 MBRR Table SA 18 - Capital transfers and grants receipts

Description	Ref	2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 Current Year 2019/20					/20	2020/21 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework				
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year		
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	Expenditure Framew Year Budget Year +1 2021/22  527 127 554  591 74 500 936 53 054	+2 2022/23		
Capital Transfers and Grants												
National Government:		127 012	119 423	104 386	116 969	128 432	128 432	101 527	127 554	135 922		
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		47 012	76 118	43 080	70 177	70 177	70 177	52 591	74 500	79 854		
Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal		80 000	43 306	61 306	46 792	58 255	58 255	48 936	53 054	56 068		
Provincial Government:		-	-	557	90	90	90	-	-	-		
Capacity Building and Other		-	-	-	90	90	90	_	_	_		
Libraries, Archives and Museums		-	1	557	-	-	-	-	-	-		
District Municipality:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
[insert description]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other grant providers:		-	9 306	2 874	-	-	_	_	_	-		
Electrification Programme		-	9 306	2 874	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	127 012	128 729	107 817	117 059	128 522	128 522	101 527	127 554	135 922		

#### 2.6.3 Cash Flow Management

Cash flow management and forecasting is a critical step in determining if the budget is funded over the medium-term. The table below is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice and also improves understand ability for councillors and management. Some specific features include:

- Clear separation of receipts and payments within each cash flow category;
  - Clear separation of capital and operating receipts from government, which also enables cash from 'Ratepayers and other' to be provide for as cash inflow based on actual performance. In other words the actual collection rate of billed revenue., and
  - Separation of borrowing and loan repayments (no set-off), to assist with MFMA compliance assessment regarding the use of long term borrowing (debt).

Table 42 MBRR Table A7 - Budget cash flow statement

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			ledium Term R Inditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Property rates		25 919	17 489	1	43 322	39 690	39 690	-	49 807	99 574	54 912
Service charges		54 321	35 272	49 707	53 895	61 270	61 270	-	82 700	65 678	75 402
Other revenue		12 352	264 176	116 518	21 119	8 181	8 181	-	8 726	8 434	9 621
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	1	159 992	188 694	240 745	240 436	240 436	240 436	-	256 212	245 603	281 432
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	152 934	139 396	73 290	119 522	119 522	119 522	-	101 527	116 924	135 922
Interest		14 266	-	_	-	21 428	21 428	_	11 799	12 389	13 008
Dividends		-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		(231 600)	(264 386)	(281 152)	(352 344)	(355 362)	(355 362)	-	(370 283)	(389 978)	(409 477)
Finance charges		(34)	(8)	(5)				_			_
Transfers and Grants	1	(18 265)		(150)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVIT	İES	169 885	380 633	198 955	125 951	135 164	135 164	-	140 489	158 623	160 820
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		823	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current receiv ables		(8 627)	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments		375	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Payments											
Capital assets		(138 829)	(139 800)	(145 577)	(125 574)	(178 384)	(178 384)	_	(174 314)	(184 724)	(198 810)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIE	S	(146 258)	(139 800)	(145 577)	(125 574)	(178 384)	(178 384)	-	(174 314)	(184 724)	(198 810)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Short term loans		-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing long term/refinancing		-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		-	1 180	75	(954)	954	954	_	13	13	13
Payments					` ,						
Repay ment of borrowing		-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVIT	ES	-	1 180	75	(954)	954	954	-	13	13	13
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		23 628	242 013	53 453	(578)	(42 266)	(42 266)	_	(33 812)	(26 088)	(37 977)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2	48 284	3 972	119 869	132 257	123 997	123 997	-	136 883	117 708	106 990
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	2	71 912	245 985	173 322	131 679	81 731	81 731	-	103 071	91 620	69 013

## 2.6.4 Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

This following table meets the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 which deals with the funding of a municipal budget in accordance with sections 18 and 19 of the MFMA. The table seeks to answer three key questions regarding the use and availability of cash:

- What are the predicted cash and investments that are available at the end of the budget year?
- How are those funds used?
- What is the net funds available or funding shortfall?

A surplus would indicate the cash-backed accumulated surplus that was/is available. A shortfall (applications > cash and investments) is indicative of non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA requirement that the municipality's budget must be 'funded'. Non-compliance with section 18 is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded (budgeted spending is greater than funds available or to be collected). It is also important to analyse trends to understand the consequences, e.g. the budget year might indicate a small surplus situation, which in itself is an appropriate outcome, but if in prior years there were much larger surpluses then this negative trend may be a concern that requires closer examination.

Table 43 MBRR Table A8 - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R tilousallu		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Cash and investments available											
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	71 912	245 985	173 322	131 679	81 731	81 731	_	103 071	91 620	69 013
Other current investments > 90 days		-	(126 116)	(49 324)	(4 546)	(209)	(209)	_	14 637	15 369	16 138
Non current assets - Investments	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Cash and investments available:		71 912	119 869	123 997	127 134	81 522	81 522	-	117 708	106 990	85 151
Application of cash and investments											
Unspent conditional transfers		4 030	9 821	3 236	10 411	3 236	3 236	_	3 270	(29 653)	3 340
Unspent borrowing		_	_	-	-	_	-		_	_	_
Statutory requirements	2										
Other working capital requirements	3	(21 991)	(255 025)	(137 858)	(26 841)	(78 281)	(78 281)	_	(76 296)	(606 326)	(55 128)
Other provisions											
Long term investments committed	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5										
Total Application of cash and investments:		(17 961)	(245 204)	(134 622)	(16 431)	(75 045)	(75 045)	-	(73 026)	(635 979)	(51 788)
Surplus(shortfall)		89 873	365 073	258 619	143 565	156 566	156 566	-	190 734	742 969	136 939

## 2.6.5 Funding compliance measurement

National Treasury requires that the municipality assess its financial sustainability against fourteen different measures that look at various aspects of the financial health of the municipality. These measures are contained in the following table. All the information comes directly from the annual budgeted statements of financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The funding compliance measurement table essentially measures the degree to which the proposed budget complies with the funding requirements of the MFMA. Each of the measures is discussed below.

Table 44MBRR SA10 – Funding compliance measurement

Description	MFMA	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ar 2019/20			edium Term R nditure Frame	
Description	section	IXCI	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
			Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Funding measures												
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end - R'000	18(1)b	1	71 912	245 985	173 322	131 679	81 731	81 731	_	103 071	91 620	69 013
Cash + investments at the yr end less applications - R'000	18(1)b	2	89 873	365 073	258 619	143 565	156 566	156 566	_	190 734	742 969	136 939
Cash year end/monthly employee/supplier payments	18(1)b	3	3.9	12.3	8.0	5.0	3.1	3.1	_	3.7	3.2	2.3
Surplus/(Deficit) excluding depreciation offsets: R'000	18(1)	4	139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	_	101 528	129 197	137 943
Service charge rev % change - macro CPIX target exclusive	18(1)a,(2)	5	N.A.	(4.2%)	18.8%	1.4%	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(106.0%)	(1.7%)	2.3%	(0.8%)
Cash receipts % of Ratepayer & Other revenue	18(1)a,(2)	6	90.9%	316.2%	133.9%	89.4%	82.0%	82.0%	0.0%	102.7%	117.1%	89.7%
Debt impairment expense as a % of total billable revenue	18(1)a,(2)	7	1.5%	(0.1%)	5.6%	4.9%	3.6%	3.6%	0.0%	4.3%	4.1%	4.1%
Capital payments % of capital expenditure	18(1)c;19	8	99.2%	153.6%	117.0%	70.4%	95.2%	95.2%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Borrowing receipts % of capital expenditure (excl. transfers)	18(1)c	9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grants % of Gov t. legislated/gazetted allocations	18(1)a	10								0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Current consumer debtors % change - incr(decr)	18(1)a	11	N.A.	62.0%	40.0%	(38.0%)	75.3%	0.0%	(100.0%)	(21.2%)	385.6%	(81.9%)
Long term receivables % change - incr(decr)	18(1)a	12	N.A.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
R&M % of Property Plant & Equipment	20(1)(vi)	13	0.0%	(0.0%)	(0.6%)	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	0.0%	2.0%	2.1%	2.8%
Asset renewal % of capital budget	20(1)(vi)	14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
High Level Outcome of Funding Compliance												
Total Operating Revenue			279 653	303 807	368 997	388 292	387 348	387 348	_	408 394	431 637	453 515
Total Operating Expenditure			283 987	362 045	460 363	388 292	389 810	389 810	_	408 393	429 994	451 494
Surplus/(Deficit) Budgeted Operating Statement			(4 335)	(58 238)	(91 366)	0	(2 463)	(2 463)	_	1	1 643	2 021
Surplus/(Deficit) Considering Reserves and Cash Backing			89 873	365 073	258 619	143 565	156 566	156 566	-	190 734	742 969	136 939
MTREF Funded (1) / Unfunded (0)		15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
MTREF Funded ✓ / Unfunded ×		15	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

## 2.6.5.1 Cash/cash equivalent position

The Municipality's forecast cash position was discussed as part of the budgeted cash flow statement. A 'positive' cash position, for each year of the MTREF would generally be a minimum requirement, subject to the planned application of these funds such as cash-backing of reserves and working capital requirements.

## 2.6.5.2 Cash plus investments less application of funds

The purpose of this measure is to understand how the municipality has applied the available cash and investments as identified in the budgeted cash flow statement. The detail reconciliation of the cash backed reserves/surpluses is contained in Table 43, on page 84. The reconciliation is intended to be a relatively simple methodology for understanding the budgeted amount of cash and investments available with any planned or required applications to be made. This has been extensively discussed above.

#### 2.6.5.3 Monthly average payments covered by cash or cash equivalents

The purpose of this measure is to understand the level of financial risk should the municipality be under stress from a collection and cash in-flow perspective. It is especially important to consider the position should the municipality be faced with an expected disaster that threatens revenue collection such as rate boycotts. As part of the 2020/21 MTREF the municipalities improving cash position causes the ratio to move upwards to 7.3 and then increase slightly to 9 for outer years. As indicated above the Municipality aims to archive at least one month's cash coverage in the medium term, and then gradually move towards two months coverage. This measure will have to be carefully monitored going forward.

## 2.6.5.4 Surplus/deficit excluding depreciation offsets

The main purpose of this measure is to understand if the revenue levels are sufficient to conclude that the community is making a sufficient contribution for the municipal resources consumed each year. An 'adjusted' surplus/deficit is achieved by offsetting the amount of depreciation related to externally funded assets. Municipalities need to assess the result of this calculation taking into consideration its own circumstances and levels of backlogs. If the outcome is a deficit, it may indicate that rates and service charges are insufficient to ensure that the community is making a sufficient contribution toward the economic benefits they are consuming over the medium term.

It needs to be noted that a surplus does not necessarily mean that the budget is funded from a cash flow perspective and the first two measures in the table are therefore critical.

## 2.6.5.5 Property Rates/service charge revenue as a percentage increase less macro inflation target

The purpose of this measure is to understand whether the municipality is contributing appropriately to the achievement of national inflation targets. This measure is based on the increase in 'revenue', which will include both the change in the tariff as well as any assumption about real growth such as new property development, services consumption growth etc.

The factor is calculated by deducting the maximum macro-economic inflation target increase (which is currently 3 - 6 present). The result is intended to be an approximation of the real increase in revenue. From the table above it can be seen that the percentage growth totals 9% for the respective financial year of the 2019/20 MTREF. Considering the lowest percentage tariff increase in relation to revenue generated from rates and services charges is 5 per cent, with the increase in electricity at 1.88 per cent it is to be expected that the increase in revenue exceed the inflation target figures.

## 2.6.5.6 Cash receipts as a percentage of ratepayer and other revenue

This factor is a macro measure of the rate at which funds are 'collected'. This measure is intended to analyse the underlying assumed collection rate for the MTREF to determine the relevance and credibility of the budget assumptions contained in the budget. Given that the assumed collection rate was based on a 85 per cent performance target, the cash flow statement has been conservatively determined. In addition the risks associated with objections to the valuation roll need to be clarified and hence the conservative approach, also taking into consideration the cash flow challenges experienced in the current financial year. This measure and performance objective will have to be meticulously managed. Should performance with the mid-year review and adjustments be positive in relation to actual collections of billed revenue, the adjustments budget will be amended accordingly.

#### 2.6.5.7 Debt impairment expense as a percentage of billable revenue

This factor measures whether the provision for debt impairment is being adequately funded and is based on the underlying assumption that the provision for debt impairment (doubtful and bad debts) has to be increased to offset under-collection of billed revenues. Considering the debt incentive scheme and the municipality's revenue management strategy's objective to collect outstanding debtors of 90 days, the provision is well within the accepted leading practice.

## 2.6.5.8 Capital payments percentage of capital expenditure

The purpose of this measure is to determine whether the timing of payments has been taken into consideration when forecasting the cash position. It can be seen that a 100 per cent timing discount has been factored into the cash position forecasted over the entire financial year. The municipality aims to keep this as low as possible through strict compliance with the legislative requirement that debtors be paid within 30 days.

## 2.6.5.9 Borrowing as a percentage of capital expenditure (excluding transfers, grants and contributions)

The purpose of this measurement is to determine the proportion of a municipality's 'own-funded' capital expenditure budget that is being funded from borrowed funds to confirm MFMA compliance. Externally funded expenditure (by transfers/grants and contributions) has been be excluded.

## Transfers/grants revenue as a percentage of Government transfers/grants available

The purpose of this measurement is mainly to ensure that all available transfers from national and provincial government have been budgeted for. A percentage less than 100 per cent could indicate that not all grants as contained in the Division of Revenue Act (Dora) have been budgeted for. The Municipality has budgeted for all transfers.

## 2.6.5.10 Consumer debtors change (Current and Non-current)

The purpose of these measures is to ascertain whether budgeted reductions in outstanding debtors are realistic. There are 2 measures shown for this factor; the change in current debtors and the change in long term receivables, both from the Budgeted Financial Position Both measures show a relatively stable trend in line with the Municipality's policy of settling debtor's accounts within 30 days.

## 2.6.5.11 Repairs and maintenance expenditure level

This measure must be considered important within the context of the funding measures criteria because a trend that indicates insufficient funds are being committed to asset repair could also indicate that the overall budget is not credible and/or sustainable in the medium to long term because the revenue budget is not being protected.

## 2.6.5.12 Asset renewal/rehabilitation expenditure level

This measure has a similar objective to aforementioned objective relating to repairs and maintenance. A requirement of the detailed capital budget (since MFMA Circular 28 which was issued in December 2005) is to categorise each capital project as a new asset or a renewal/rehabilitation project. The objective is to summarise and understand the proportion of budgets being provided for new assets and also asset sustainability.

Table 45 MBRR SA19 - Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	/20		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
EXPENDITURE:	1									
Operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		176 032	189 039	221 316	242 390	240 156	240 156	254 000	267 016	280 366
Local Government Equitable Share		170 266	183 880	213 561	234 970	234 454	234 454	248 801	261 557	274 634
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant		1 790	2 780	3 185	3 257	3 257	3 257	3 499	3 674	3 858
Local Government Financial Management Grant		1 625	1 500	1 484	1 700	1 700	1 700	1 700	1 785	1 874
Municipal Disaster Grant		2 351				745	745			
Municipal Infrastructure Grant			778							
			101	3 085	2 463					
Provincial Government:		_	376	653	760	560	560	930	977	1 025
Capacity Building and Other		***************************************			760	560	560	930	977	1 025
Human Settlement Development				498						
IDP			367							
Libraries, Archives and Museums			8	155						
Library Service										
District Municipality:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
[insert description]							***************************************			
Other grant providers:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
[insert description]										
Total operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants:		176 032	189 415	221 969	243 150	240 716	240 716	254 930	267 992	281 392
Capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		127 012	104 642	124 856	116 969	125 969	125 969	99 080	127 553	135 922
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		47 012	66 647	36 843	70 177	70 177	70 177	52 591	74 499	79 854
Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municip	al Gra	80 000	37 995	88 013	46 792	55 792	55 792	46 489	53 054	56 068
Provincial Government:		_	_	_	90	90	90	260	_	_
Capacity Building and Other					90	90	90	260		
Libraries, Archives and Museums			83	557						
District Municipality:		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
[insert description]			_			_	_	_	_	_
finsert description)										
Other grant providers:		_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Electrification Programme						•••••				
		***************************************				***************************************			***************************************	
Total capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants		127 012	104 642	124 856	117 059	126 059	126 059	99 340	127 553	135 922
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF TRANSFERS AND GRANTS		303 044	294 057	346 824	360 209	366 775	366 775	354 271	395 545	417 314

# 2.8 Table 4MBRR SA23 - Summary of councillor and staff benefits

Disclosure of Salaries, Allowances & Benefits 1.	Ref		Salary	Contribution	Allowances	Performance Bonuses	In-kind benefits	Total Package
Rand per annum		No.		1.				2.
Councillors	3							
Speaker	4		512 928	18 492	224 652			756 072
Chief Whip			498 204	-	213 594			711 798
Executive Mayor			617 928	46 344	268 932			933 204
Deputy Executive Mayor			-	-	-			-
Executive Committee			3 962 664	165 120	1 539 492			5 667 276
Section 79 Committee			454 128	34 056	210 240			698 424
Total for all other councillors			7 522 464	651 271	4 596 539			12 770 274
Total Councillors	8	-	13 568 316	915 283	7 053 449			21 537 048
Senior Managers of the Municipality  Municipal Manager (MM) Chief Finance Officer General Manager : Corporate Services General Manager : Community Services General Manager : EDP General Manager : Infrastructure  List of each offical with packages >= senior manager	5		991 528 450 164 266 736 563 064 369 750 472 362	15 454 9 112 66 815 53 591 12 654 9 117	541 968 461 153 934 757 370 837 883 759 427 455	- - - -		1 548 950 920 429 1 268 308 987 492 1 266 163 908 934
Total Senior Managers of the Municipality	8,10		3 113 603	166 743	3 619 929	_	***************************************	6 900 276
TOTAL COST OF COUNCILLOR, DIRECTOR and EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION	10	-	16 681 919	1 082 026	10 673 378	-		28 437 324

Table 49 MBRR SA24–Summary of personnel numbers

Summary of Personnel Numbers	Ref		2018/19		С	urrent Year 2019	9/20	Bu	dget Year 2020	0/21
Number	1,2	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees
Municipal Council and Boards of Municipal Entities										
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other Councillors)		61	-	61	61	-	60	51	_	51
Board Members of municipal entities	4				-	-	-			
Municipal employees	5				-	-	-			
Municipal Manager and Senior Managers	3	6	-	6	6	-	4	6	_	6
Other Managers	7	20	-	20	21	-	19	21	_	21
Professionals		44	40	4	153	138	3	87	84	3
Finance		11	10	1	40	35	-	19	19	_
Spatial/town planning		2	2	_	14	13	_	4	4	_
Information Technology		1	1	_	9	8	_	1	1	-
Roads		6	3	3	_	_		7	4	3
Electricity		6	6	_	_	_	_			
Water					_	_	_			
Sanitation					_	_	_			
Refuse					_	_	_	1	1	_
Other		18	18	_	90	82	3	55	55	_
Technicians		102	102	_	6	6	_	58	58	_
Finance		18	18	_	_	_	_	8	8	_
Spatial/town planning		2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Information Technology		4	4	_	1	1	_	7	7	_
Roads		3	3	_	_	_ `	_	9	9	_
Electricity			Ĭ		3	3	_	3	3	_
Water					_	_	_			
Sanitation					_	_	_			
Refuse		1	1	_	_	_	_	1	1	_
Other		74	74	_	2	2	_	30	30	_
Clerks (Clerical and administrative)		48	48	_	_	66	2	65	39	26
Service and sales workers		25	25	_	_	44	1			20
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers		20	20		2	2	_ '			
Craft and related trades		9	9	_	_		_			
Plant and Machine Operators		13	13	_	3	3	_	15	15	_
Elementary Occupations		93	93	_	178	157	_	96	96	_
TOTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS	9	421	330	91	430	416	89	399	292	107
% increase	+ -	721	330	31	2.1%	26.1%	(2.2%)	(7.2%)	(29.8%)	8
	0 40	001						(1.270)	(23.070)	20.270
Total municipal employees headcount	6, 10		270	61	331	270	61			_
Finance personnel headcount	8, 10		34	6	40	34	6	32	27	5
Human Resources personnel headcount	8, 10	13	12	1	13	12	1	13	12	1

# 2.9 Monthly targets for revenue, expenditure and cash flow Table 50 MBRR SA25 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure

Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ar 2020/21						Medium Tern	n Revenue and Framework	Expenditure
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Revenue By Source																
Property rates		4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	4 016	48 190	50 600	53 129
Service charges - electricity revenue		4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	4 441	53 291	59 871	63 055
Service charges - water revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue																
Service charges - refuse revenue		1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	15 526	16 302	17 117
Rental of facilities and equipment		42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	500	525	551
Interest earned - external investments		1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	1 221	14 650	15 383	16 152
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	11 799	12 389	13 008
Dividends received		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	2 094	2 198	2 308
Licences and permits		377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	4 525	4 751	4 988
Agency services		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies		21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	256 212	267 930	281 432
Other rev enue		134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	1 608	1 688	1 773
Gains	1	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and	cont	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	408 394	431 637	453 515
Expenditure By Type																
Employ ee related costs		10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	10 436	125 231	131 492	138 067
Remuneration of councillors		1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	1 795	21 537	21 753	22 841
Debt impairment		417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	5 000	5 250	5 513
Depreciation & asset impairment		2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	2 759	33 110	34 766	36 504
Finance charges		_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
Bulk purchases		4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	48 000	50 400	52 920
Other materials		464	464	464	464	464	464	464	464	464	464	464	464	5 567	5 845	6 137
Contracted services		8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	8 440	101 279	107 466	112 840
Transfers and subsidies		_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
Other ex penditure		5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	5 722	68 670	73 022	76 673
Losses		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Total Expenditure		34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	408 393	429 994	451 494
Surplus/(Deficit)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1 643	2 021
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary																
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	101 527	127 554	135 922
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary		0 401	0 401	0 401	0 401	0 401	0 401	0 401	0 401	0 40 1	0 401	0 40 1	0 40 1	101 521	127 554	133 922
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental																
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,																
Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher																
Educational Institutions)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	101 528	129 197	137 943
contributions		0 401	0 -01	001	0 -01	0 -01	0 401	0 401	0 -01	0 401	0 -01	0 -01	0 701	101.320	123 131	137 343
Tax ation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_				_
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	101 528	129 197	137 943

## Table 5MBRR SA26 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote)

Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ar 2020/21						Medium Terr	n Revenue and Framework	I Expenditure
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Revenue by Vote																
Vote 1 - Ex ecutiv e and council		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	(275)	_	_	_
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 097	27 397	325 469	345 573	362 958
Vote 3 - Corporate		29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	350	368	386
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 090	49 081	53 206	56 228
Vote 5 - Community		2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	2 296	27 546	24 000	25 200
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	8 956	107 474	136 043	144 665
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total Revenue by Vote	ĺ	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	42 493	509 921	559 191	589 437
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated																
Vote 1 - Executive and council		3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	3 177	38 126	40 547	42 574
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	8 070	96 839	102 537	107 664
Vote 3 - Corporate		5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	5 647	67 765	68 969	72 418
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	6 002	72 020	76 136	79 942
Vote 5 - Community		5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	5 435	65 219	69 604	73 084
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	5 362	64 347	67 869	71 262
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	4 075	4 331	4 548
Total Expenditure by Vote		34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	34 033	408 393	429 994	451 494
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	101 528	129 197	137 943
Tax ation		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Attributable to minorities		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-	_
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	101 528	129 197	137 943

## Table 6MBRR SA28 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote)

Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ear 2020/21						Medium Tern	n Revenue and Framework	Expenditure
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	1															
Vote 1 - Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000	1 000	1 100	1 210
Vote 3 - Corporate		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 5 - Community		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	136 755	157 910	167 362
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	2	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	11 396	12 396	137 755	159 010	168 572
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated																
Vote 1 - Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Finance and Admin		127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	3 627	5 029	5 531	6 084
Vote 3 - Corporate		261	261	261	261	261	261	261	261	261	261	261	261	3 130	3 443	3 787
Vote 4 - Development and Planning		-	-	-	450	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	480	528	581
Vote 5 - Community		516	516	516	516	516	516	516	516	516	516	516	516	6 190	6 523	7 175
Vote 6 - Infrastructure		1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	1 811	21 730	9 689	12 610
Vote 7 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total	2	2 715	2 715	2 715	3 165	2 745	2 715	2 715	2 715	2 715	2 715	2 715	6 215	36 559	25 714	30 238
Total Capital Expenditure	2	14 111	14 111	14 111	14 561	14 141	14 111	14 111	14 111	14 111	14 111	14 111	18 611	174 314	184 724	198 810

## Table 7MBRR SA30 - Budgeted monthly cash flow

MONTHLY CASH FLOWS						Budget Yea	ar 2020/21						Medium Tern	n Revenue and Framework	Expenditure
R thousand	July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
Cash Receipts By Source															
Property rates	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	4 151	49 807	99 574	54 912
Service charges - electricity revenue	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	5 598	67 175	50 734	58 285
Service charges - water revenue	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	1 294	15 526	14 944	17 117
Rental of facilities and equipment	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	500	481	551
Interest earned - external investments	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	983	11 799	12 389	13 008
Div idends received	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	174	2 094	2 015	2 308
Licences and permits	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	377	4 525	4 355	4 988
Agency services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	21 351	256 212	245 603	281 432
Other revenue	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	1 608	1 583	1 773
Cash Receipts by Source	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	34 104	409 244	431 677	434 375
Other Cash Flows by Source I ransters and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National															
/ Provincial and District)	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	8 461	101 527	116 924	135 922
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	1 268	(1 268)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	13	13	13	13
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Total Cash Receipts by Source	43 833	41 296	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 564	42 577	510 785	548 615	570 311
Cash Payments by Type															
Employ ee related costs	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(10 436)	(125 231)	(131 492)	(138 067)
Remuneration of councillors	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(1 795)	(21 537)	(21 753)	(22 841)
Finance charges	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Bulk purchases - Electricity	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(4 000)	(48 000)	(50 400)	(52 920)
Bulk purchases - Water & Sew er	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
Other materials	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(464)	(5 567)	(5 845)	(6 137)
Contracted services	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(8 440)	(101 279)	(107 466)	(112 840)
Transfers and grants - other municipalities		-	_	-	-	-		-	_	_	-				
Transfers and grants - other	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
Other expenditure	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(5 722)	(68 670)	(73 022)	(76 673)
Cash Payments by Type	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(30 857)	(370 283)	(389 978)	(409 477)
Other Cash Flows/Payments by Type												_			
Capital assets	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(14 526)	(174 314)	(184 724)	(198 810)
Repay ment of borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Cash Flows/Pay ments	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_		_	
Total Cash Payments by Type	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(45 383)	(544 597)	(574 703)	(608 287)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	89 216	86 679	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 947	87 960	1 055 381	1 123 318	1 178 598
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year begin:	136 883 226 099	135 333 222 012	131 246 219 193	128 427 216 374	125 608 213 555	122 789 210 737	119 971 207 918	117 152 205 099	114 333 202 280	111 514 199 462	108 696 196 643	105 877 193 837	136 883 1 192 264	117 708 1 241 026	106 990 1 285 588
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/y ear begin:	220 099	222 012	213 133	210 3/4	213 333	210 /3/	201 310	200 099	202 200	133 402	130 043	133 03/	1 132 204	1 241 020	1 200 300

## 2.10 Contracts having future budgetary implications

In terms of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy, there were no contracts awarded beyond the medium-term revenue and expenditure framework (three years). See table attached: -

## Table

Description	Ref	Preceding Years	Current Year 2019/20		edium Term R nditure Frame		Forecast 2023/24	Forecast 2024/25	Forecast 2025/26	Forecast 2026/27	Forecast 2027/28	Forecast 2028/29	Forecast 2029/30	Total Contract Value
R thousand	1,3	Total	Original Budget	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Parent Municipality: Revenue Obligation By Contract	2													
Contract 1 Contract 2 Contract 3 etc														- - -
Total Operating Revenue Implication		-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Expenditure Obligation By Contract	2													
Contract 1 Contract 2 Contract 3 etc			***************************************											- - -
Total Operating Expenditure Implication  Capital Expenditure Obligation By Contract	2	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Contract 1 Contract 2 Contract 3 etc														- - -
Total Capital Expenditure Implication		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total Parent Expenditure Implication		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Entities: Revenue Obligation By Contract  Contract 1  Contract 2  Contract 3 etc	2													-
Total Operating Revenue Implication Expenditure Obligation By Contract	2	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Contract 1 Contract 2 Contract 3 etc	2													- - -
Total Operating Expenditure Implication  Capital Expenditure Obligation By Contract	2	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Contract 1 Contract 2 Contract 3 etc	-										***************************************			- - -
Total Capital Expenditure Implication		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Entity Expenditure Implication		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_

## 2.11 Capital expenditure details

The following two tables present details of the Municipality's capital expenditure programme, firstly on new assets, then the renewal of assets and finally on the repair and maintenance of assets.

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rrent Year 2019	)/20		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
Capital expenditure on renewal of existing asse	ts hy	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2020/21	+1 2021/22	+2 2022/23
Infrastructure	lo by	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	
Roads Infrastructure										
Roads		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Road Structures		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Road Furniture		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Capital Spares Storm water Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Drainage Collection		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
· ·										_
Storm water Conveyance		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Attenuation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Power Plants		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
HV Substations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HV Switching Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
HV Transmission Conductors		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
MV Substations		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
MV Switching Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
MV Networks		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
LV Networks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Dams and Weirs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boreholes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reservoirs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Treatment Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bulk Mains		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution Points		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PRV Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Spares		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reticulation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste Water Treatment Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outfall Sewers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Toilet Facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Spares		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landfill Sites		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste Transfer Stations		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste Processing Facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste Drop-off Points		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste Separation Facilities		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
Electricity Generation Facilities		-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
Capital Spares		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Total Capital Expenditure on renewal of existing	g 1		_			_	_		_	-

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Cui	rent Year 2019		2020/21 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23	
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asse	t Cla		Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Buuget	1 Orecast	2020/21	11 202 1/22	12 2022/23	
<u>Infrastructure</u>		_	(161)	(2 658)	5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715	
Roads Infrastructure		-	(161)	(2 658)	5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715	
Roads		_	(161)	(2 658)	5 457	4 457	4 457	6 998	7 348	7 715	
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Data Centres Core Layers		_	- -	_	_	- -	_	_	_	_	
Distribution Layers		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Capital Spares		-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	
Community Assets		_	104	(1)	13 500	12 679	12 679	10 230	10 742	11 279	
Community Facilities		-	104	(1)	750	785	785	1 180	1 239	1 301	
Halls		-	-	-	100	100	100	100	105	110	
Centres		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Crèches		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Clinics/Care Centres Fire/Ambulance Stations		-	- 104	-	-	- -	_	_	-	_	
Testing Stations		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Museums		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Galleries		-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	
Theatres		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Libraries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Cemeteries/Crematoria		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Police Parks		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Parks Public Open Space		_	_ _		_	- -	_	210	- 221	- 232	
Nature Reserves		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
Public Ablution Facilities		-	-	_	650	685	685	750	788	827	
Markets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stalls		-	-	(1)	-	-	-	120	126	132	
Abattoirs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Airports		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Taxi Ranks/Bus Terminals Capital Spares		-	- -	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	
Sport and Recreation Facilities		_	_	_	12 750	11 894	11 894	9 050	9 503	9 978	
Indoor Facilities		_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Outdoor Facilities		-	-	_	12 750	11 894	11 894	9 050	9 503	9 978	
Capital Spares											
Heritage assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Monuments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Historic Buildings		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Works of Art		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Conservation Areas		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	
Other Heritage		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Investment properties		-	-	_	-	-		_	_		
Revenue Generating  Improved Property		-	-	-	_ _	- -	_	_	_	_	
Unimproved Property		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	
Improved Property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unimproved Property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets		-	(232)	(3 223)	3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334	
Operational Buildings		-	(232)	(3 223)	3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334	
Municipal Offices	V	-	(232)	(3 223)	3 510	3 640	3 640	1 210	1 271	1 334	
Pay/Enquiry Points		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Building Plan Offices Workshops		- -	_ _		_ _	- -	_	_	_		
Yards		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Computer Equipment		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Computer Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Furniture and Office Equipment	*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Machinery and Equipment		_	(14)	505	1 550	2 375	2 375	1 225	1 286	1 351	
Machinery and Equipment		_	(14)	505	1 550	2 375	2 375	1 225	1 286	1 351	
Transport Assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	2 430	2 625	2 756	
Transport Assets		_	-	-	_	_	_	2 430	2 625	2 756	
	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Land Land		_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_	_	_	
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals  Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		_ _	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	_		
	<u> </u>						***************************************				
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	1		(303)	(5 376)	24 017	23 151	23 151	22 093	23 271	24 435	

## 2.13 Legislation compliance status

Compliance with the MFMA implementation requirements have been substantially adhered to through the following activities:

#### 1. In year reporting

Reporting to National Treasury uploading financial and non-financial information on the portal was fully complied with on a monthly basis. Section 71 reporting to the Executive Mayor (within 10 working days) has progressively improved and includes monthly published financial performance on the Municipality's website.

## 2. Internship programme

The Municipality is participating in the Municipal Financial Management Internship programme and has employed five interns undergoing training in various divisions of the Financial Services Department.

## 3. Budget and Treasury Office

The Budget and Treasury Office has been established in accordance with the MFMA.

#### 4. Service Delivery and Implementation Plan

The detail SDBIP document was approved in May 2020 directly aligned and informed by the 2020/21 MTREF.

## 5. Annual Report

Annual report is compiled in terms of the MFMA and National Treasury requirements.

## 2.14 Other supporting documents

Table 65 MBRR Table SA2 – Matrix financial performance budget (revenue source/expenditure type and department)

Description	Ref	Vote 1 - Executive and council	Vote 2 - Finance and Admin	Vote 3 - Corporate	Vote 4 - Development and Planning	Vote 5 - Community	Vote 6 - Infrastructur e	Vote 7 - Internal Audit	Total
R thousand	1				Fiaililling				
Revenue By Source			10 100						
Property rates		-	48 190	-	-	-	-	-	48 190
Service charges - electricity revenue		-	_	_	-	-	53 291	-	53 291
Service charges - water revenue		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue		_	-	-	_	- 15 526	_	-	- 15 526
Service charges - refuse revenue		_	-	-	-		_	-	
Rental of facilities and equipment		-	-	-	-	500	-	-	500
Interest earned - external investments		_	14 650	-	_	-	- 4 202	-	14 650
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		_	10 406	-	-	-	1 393	-	11 799
Dividends received		_	_	-	_	2.074	-	_	2 094
Fines, penalties and forfeits Licences and permits		_	_	_	47	2 074 4 478	20	-	4 525
·		_	_	_	47		_	_	4 323
Agency services Other revenue		_	700	350	98	280	180	_	1 608
Transfers and subsidies		_	251 523	-	_	4 689	-	_	256 212
Gains		_	201 020	_	_	- 4 003		_	230 212
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and	cont		325 469	350	145	27 546	54 883		408 394
, , ,			020 100				0.000		
Expenditure By Type		5 750	23 556	26 469	23 136	33 345	10 460	2 515	125 231
Employ ee related costs		21 537	23 556	20 409	23 130			2 313	21 537
Remuneration of councillors  Debt impairment		21 557	5 000	_	_	_	_	_	5 000
Depreciation & asset impairment		300	600	700	30 010	950	550	_	33 110
Finance charges		300	-	700	30 010	-	330	_	33 110
Bulk purchases		_	_	_		_	48 000	_	48 000
Other materials		130	520	595	1 970	992	1 320	40	5 567
Contracted services		3 310	40 404	20 237	11 885	22 808	1 885	750	101 279
Transfers and subsidies		_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other expenditure		7 099	26 760	19 764	5 019	7 125	2 133	770	68 670
Losses		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Total Expenditure		38 126	96 839	67 765	72 020	65 219	64 347	4 075	408 393
Surplus/(Deficit) I ransters and subsidies - capital (monetary		(38 126)	228 630	(67 415)	(71 875)	(37 673)	(9 464)	(4 075)	1
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		_	_	_	48 936	_	52 591	_	101 527
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary							52 55 .		
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental									
, ,									
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,									
Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher									
Educational Institutions)		_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		- /00 400	-	- /07 // **	(00.000)		40.40=	// 075	404 500
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		(38 126)	228 630	(67 415)	(22 939)	(37 673)	43 127	(4 075)	101 528
contributions									

## Table 8MBRR Table SA3 -

## Supporting detail to Statement of Financial Position

Description	Ref	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		Current Ye	ear 2019/20	2020/21 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
Description		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year +1 2021/22	Budget Year +2 2022/23
R thousand											
ASSETS											
Consumer debtors											
Consumer debtors		72 553	94 133	134 411	110 106	148 609	148 609	-	117 362	96 420	138 476
Less: Provision for debt impairment		(38 377)	(39 504)	(46 172)	(41 875)	(49 333)	(49 333)	-	(50 827)	408 528	(52 305)
Total Consumer debtors	2	34 176	54 629	88 239	68 231	99 277	99 277	-	66 534	504 948	86 171
Debt impairment provision											
Balance at the beginning of the year		(38 377)	(39 571)	(33 349)	(41 875)	(45 352)	(45 352)	-	(45 827)	413 778	(46 793)
Contributions to the provision			66	(12 003)				_		_	
Bad debts written off		_	_	(820)	_	(3 981)	(3 981)	_	(5 000)	(5 250)	(5 513)
Balance at end of year		(38 377)	(39 504)	(46 172)	(41 875)	(49 333)	(49 333)	<del>-</del>	(50 827)	408 528	(52 305)
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)											
PPE at cost/v aluation (ex cl. finance leases)		828 486	1 000 022	1 070 496	1 238 327	1 257 800	1 257 800	_	1 264 200	1 286 013	1 014 092
Leases recognised as PPE	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less: Accumulated depreciation		146 206	(81 286)	(119 639)	(116 611)	(150 087)	(150 087)	_	(157 023)	(159 107)	(150 313)
Total Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	2	974 692	918 736	950 856	1 121 717	1 107 713	1 107 713	_	1 107 177	1 126 906	863 778
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities - Borrowing											
Short term loans (other than bank overdraft)		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities		-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Total Current liabilities - Borrowing		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables											
Trade Pay ables	5	22 980	45 166	40 181	46 844	40 181	40 181	_	40 602	41 028	34 554
Other creditors		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Unspent conditional transfers		4 030	9 821	3 236	10 411	3 236	3 236	_	3 270	(29 653)	3 340
VAT		1 573	27 692	37 415	(20 647)	37 415	37 415	_	37 807	38 203	38 551
Total Trade and other payables	2	28 582	82 679	80 832	36 607	80 832	80 832	-	81 679	49 578	76 445
Non current liabilities - Borrowing											
Borrowing	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Finance leases (including PPP asset element)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Non current liabilities - Borrowing		_				_	_	_		_	_
-											
Provisions - non-current		40.700	44.004	40.000	44.005	10.000	40.000		40.405	40.070	40.270
Retirement benefits Refuse landfill site rehabilitation		10 789 11 352	11 231 12 443	10 060 13 260	11 905 13 190	10 060 13 260	10 060 13 260	_	10 165 13 398	10 272 13 539	10 379 13 681
Other		3 479	3 792	3 795	4 019	3 795	3 795	_	3 835	3 875	3 916
Total Provisions - non-current		25 621	27 466	27 114	29 114	27 114	27 114		27 398	27 685	27 976
Total Flovisions - non-current		23 02 1	27 400	2/ 114	25 114	27 114	27 114		21 330	27 003	21 310
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS											
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)											
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) - opening balance		428 450	579 373	650 880	761 906	668 804	668 804	-	692 460	1 140 050	363 385
GRAP adjustments		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance		428 450	579 373	650 880	761 906	668 804	668 804	-	692 460	1 140 050	363 385
Surplus/(Deficit)		139 504	70 492	16 451	117 059	126 059	126 059	-	101 528	129 197	137 943
Transfers to/from Reserves		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation offsets		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	,	-	- 040 00-	-	- 070 000	-	704.001	_	700 000	4 000 04=	- FC4 000
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	1	567 954	649 865	667 331	878 966	794 864	794 864	-	793 988	1 269 247	501 328
Reserves		4.000	4.000	4.000	4.700	4.000	4.000		4.000	4 704	4 740
Housing Development Fund		1 666	1 666	1 666	1 766	1 666	1 666	-	1 683	1 701	1 719
Capital replacement		40 673	120 367	186 563	127 589	183 391	183 391	-	185 313	187 255	189 217
Self-insurance		176 504	176 504	176 504	107.004	170.070	170.070	-	101 550	100 400	105.004
Other reserves		176 504	176 504	176 504	187 094	179 676	179 676	-	181 559	183 462	185 384
Revaluation	2	89 919 308 761	87 728 386 264	87 728 452 460	92 992	87 728 452 460	87 728 452 460	_	88 647 457 202	89 576 461 993	90 515 466 835
Total Reserves					409 440			-			
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	2	876 715	1 036 129	1 119 791	1 288 405	1 247 324	1 247 324	-	1 251 190	1 731 240	968 163